Decatur Weekly Republican.

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Weekly Republican.

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS—When ordering the address of your paper changed, always give your old as well as new address.

LOCAL NEWS.

H. F. LYNN has been appointed acting freight and ticket agent at Maron.

ON Sunday, June 2, the Vandalia line will run an excursion from Terre Haute to Decatur, the fare being $1 for the round trip.

G. O. DUNSCOMB desires a divorce from his wife Della A. Dunscomb, alleging adultery. O. M. Lane is the attorney for the complainant.

THE German Baptist campmeeting will begin at Oakland Park on Thursday night with a sermon by Elder I. B Trout, of Trotwood, Ohio.

THE Decatur Ice and Cold Storage company, this city, has surrendered its charter to the secretary of state. The business is now operated by the Brewing company.

IN the circuit court Nellie Bumgardner has filed a bill for a divorce from her husband, F. M. Bumgardner, alleging cruelty. The couple were married at Gibson City in 1880.

IN the country Tuesday B. F. Travis, a plasterer fell off a scaffold and had his right hand badly cut by the trowel. Dr. Collins attended Travis, who in now at his home 436 East Center street.

"SURVIVAL of the fittest" is illustrated in the growing sales of Dr. Price's Baking Powder. Far ahead of all competing powders.

IN the circuit court Mrs. Lois Obenshain has applied for a divorce from her husband, Caleb A. Obenshain, alleging desertion in 1881. LeForgee & Lee are the attorneys for the complainant.

ATTORNEY W. H. BLACK, state advisor of the Illinois M. W. of A., has been invited to deliver an address on Woodcraft at the Woodmen Fourth of July celebration at Firey's Grove, Blue Mound.

THE members of the G. A. R. Post of Pontiac and of the W. R. C. of that city presented H. H. McDowell, of Pontiac, the retiring grand commander of the department of Illinois, a magnificent gold headed cane.

E. BANNISTER is preparing to move to the town of Ramsey, where he will make his home. Mr. B. does not like to leave Decatur, but he thinks that he can do better at Ramsey and he will give the enterprise he has in view a trial.

ALL Vandalia passenger men appeared yesterday wearing the bright new epaulettes just introduced on the system. Conductors wear the gold shield and brakemen and other employes the silver shield. Summer caps will soon be introduced.

PROF. C. V. REYNOLDS, late principal of the schools at Marion, has been engaged to act as principal of the Virginia schools for the ensuing school year. He is a graduate of the Illinois State Normal University and an educator of quite high standing.

IN the county court yesterday Judge Hammer fined Atlas Henson $5 and costs for disorderly conduct on complaint of Tom Wenver. He couldn't pay, and a sentence of 30 days was passed, but it was suspended to give the young man a chance to pay up.

PULMONARY consumption, in its early stages, may be checked by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It stops the distressing cough, soothes irritation of the throat and lungs, and induces much-needed repose. Hundreds have testified to the remarkable virtues of this preparation.

IN the circuit court Rufus M. Elliott has commenced proceedings against E. L. Martin to secure a settlement of partnership business which was conducted at Peoria, where the gentlemen were engaged in the concrete paving business Mr. Martin will be ready to defend his side of the litigation.

THE annual state convention of the Lutheran League or young people's societies of the various churches throughout the state, will convene in Holy Trinity Lutheran church, Chicago, Ill. Rev. Koerner, pastor, on June 4 and 5. Decatur Lutheran churches will send delegates. It will be one of the greatest conventions held, by the interest at present manifested.

IN the county court yesterday Judge Hammer admitted to probate the will of the late Mary Dempsey. The estate consists of a house and lot at 718 West William street and personal property valued at $1,400. This she decreed should be equally divided between her daughters, Catherine and Lucy I. Dempsey, and named her husband, Michael Dempsey, as executor of the will.

THE funeral of the late Jesse Alva Johnson took place Tuesday at the North Fork C. P. church in Long Creek township. He died on May 19, aged 21 years, 3 months and 25 days. Rev. E. B. Maurer, of the Decatur U. B. church, conducted the funeral. The mother of the deceased is a widow, and there are four brothers and sisters. The father of Jesse was a soldier in the late war.

CARDS OUT FOR TRAMPS.

Ald. Drake will Spend Hundreds of Dollars to Catch the Scamps who Swindled His Son.

The police Saturday evening heard a story of a sensational hold-up of two Decatur boys by two villainous tramps which seemed too improbable to be believed. The boy victims were Clarence Drake, son of Ald. J. L. Drake, of the Seventh ward, and George Short, son of Mrs. Emma S. Short, both of North Edward street, and both 14 years of age. Clarence is a messenger boy at the Western Union telegraph office, and he had saved $0.50 which he had on deposit at J. Millikin & Co.'s bank. Clarence and Short were out Saturday forenoon delivering a message near the Hatfield mill, and on the sidewalk they got into conversation with two tramps. Clarence's story is that the tramps displayed a revolver, and demanded what money the boys had. Both denied that they had any money, but Clarence confessed that he had some money in the bank. By a series of hair-raising threats Clarence was forced to promise that he would go to the bank, draw a check, and get the money, the tramps going with him to the door of the bank, declaring that if the boys said a word to anybody they would shoot them dead. Clarence states that he got the money and going around on East Main street with the tramps gave them the money. By threats of violence it is related the boys were pledged to secrecy, and Clarence was told to go to the Western Union office and resign his place, which he said he did. The boys went to dinner, said nothing to their parents about their experience and afterwards claim to have met the tramps, going with them out on the Wabash railroad west of the city, where the tramps proceeded to make a fire to boil some coffee. They went off a little distance to get some wood and warned them that if they left they would be killed. Both boys said they fled and then told the story in substance as given.

Marshal Mason talked to the Drake boy and Ald. Drake heard the story the Short boy had to relate. Both stories agreed substantially. Investigation proved that the Drake boy had taken his money from the bank, but the yarn about the tramps, their threats and the revolvers didn't go down very well.

The officers reach the conclusion that the boys, if they met any tramps at all, got worked up by the wild stories of adventure they told, and that possibly the boys were told if they could get some money they would all go off together to the wilds of Texas or the west and have a great time. The imagination of the boys had been whetted by reading stories of adventure and they were easy victims of the designing tramps, who after getting the money, simply scampered off and left the boys to find their way home.

A fairly good description of the two tramps was given by the boys and Sunday Marshal Mason by direction of Ald. Drake sent out description cards hoping to catch the tramps that they may be vigorously prosecuted.

Clarence has resumed his duties at the telegraph office. He still insists that it was a case of robbery and that he drew the money from the bank and gave it to the tramps because he feared if he did not he would be killed.

PROMPT PAYMENT.

The John Hancock Life Insurance Company Pays a Loss in Less Than 10 Days.

On the 21st of February the wife of John A. Kintner, of Lintner, took out a policy of $1000 on her life in the John Hancock Insurance Company, of Boston, through the agency of Galvin Goodson & Co., of this city. Mrs. Kintner died the first part of the present month, and on the 13th the proof of her death was received, and one week later the husband, who was the beneficiary, received a draft for $1003.60. The $3.60 is the amount of dividend earned since the policy was issued.

This is prompt work for a life insurance company and is very creditable to this company, but it is not out of harmony with its general policy in respect to prompt payments, which accounts for the large volume of business that Messrs. Galvin, Goodson & Co. are doing for this company in Central Illinois, which comprises their exclusive territory.

REMEMBER that Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder gives better results with one spoonful than any other powder does with two.

Modern Woodmen Celebration.

Logan Camp, No. 154, at its regular meeting, Thursday evening, May 16, resolved to hold in the city park, Mt. Pulaski, Ill., on Tuesday, June 18, 1895, a grand united basket picnic celebration of the order. Invitations have been extended to the grand officers of the state and to camps of Springfield, Cornland, Decatur, Illiopolis, Latham, Delavan, Peoria, Elkhart, Warrensburg, Kenney, Clinton, Lake Fork, Riverton, Lincoln and other places. Elaborate preparations will be made for this eventful occasion. The committee of general arrangements includes A. Clem, W. C.; Z. K. Wood, secretary; S. Linn Beidler, Isaac Clark, Wm. Ralson, Ed Laughery, J. H. Kingsley, Wm. Purget, C. C. Washburn, P. A. Hills, Geo. Neves and O. W. Mayer.

NO INCOME TAX.

You Don't Have to Pay Because the Law is Unconstitutional.

Such was the Decision of the Supreme Court Judges To-Day.

[Special to the REPUBLICAN.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20.—The Supreme Court of the United States in session to-day declares the entire income tax law unconstitutional. This settles the whole dispute and the government revenue will be shortened to the amount of the tax expected to be collected under the law.

Two of the justices of the four who had previously voted to uphold the law changed their minds, because at the time they so voted they were personally of the opinion that the law was unconstitutional. They so voted at first because they are devotees to the ancient law dogma of *stare decisis*. The common people of this country may not fully understand that musty Latin law principle. It means in common language that, if the Supreme court has at any time rendered an opinion as to a certain state of facts, that court must hereafter never change that decision, notwithstanding it may happen that the justices personally may hold the view that the original decision is unconstitutional, illegal, inequitable and absurd. This doctrine means that if in the remote past the Supreme court has decided that it was a fundamental basis of religious liberty in this country that witches should be burned at the stake, witches must still be burned at the stake; that since the old blue laws of the Maryland colonists, applicable to the Washington District (which have never been repealed) declare that a man shall have his tongue bored if he shall blaspheme or shall be sent to jail if he shall kiss his wife on Sunday, the penalties described by that ancient statute of superstitions and in part barbarous colonial times must still be enforced.

It, unquestionably, is a fact that among the Justices of the United States Supreme Court there were at least two so indurated in the legal Bourbonism of the bench that they were willing to sacrifice their conscientious opinion and their legal judgment to the fetich of ancient rulings, and that when they swore to support the constitution and the laws, they did so with the reservation that they would exercise no independence of judgment as to any questions which had been decided before they were born by a majority of the then existing Supreme court.

If the report current at the time of the first decision was accurate two of the Justices of the United States Supreme Court decided in effect that the safety of the Republic and the dignity of the law required them not to render judgment in accordance with their consciences and best legal information, but to subordinate their judgment to the views of men who acted under conditions which existed thirty-five years ago, and who have long been dead. This is one interpretation of the doctrine of stare decisis. It is this doctrine, a servile adherence to which has plunged the country into confusion and brought the great tribunal of the United States Supreme court into the disfavor of the people. According to this doctrine, if there had been a phonograph fifty years ago, the decision of the Supreme court of to-day might be found in the utterances then recorded in the wax. There can be little doubt that the United States Supreme court first divided upon the income tax case because there were at least two justices who surrendered their individual convictions to a legal tradition, and who construed their oaths to require them to look to the past for their rule of action, and not to the present or the future.

Upon the general unconstitutionality of the Income Tax Law the Court is understood to be divided as follows: Against the law, Fuller, Field, Gray, Brewer, Shiras; for the law, Harlan, Brown, Jackson, White.

IN Florida, the land of flowers, Dr. Price's Baking Powder is favorite. It leads in all the states.

IN the mail to-day Col. R. V. Mallory received an invitation from J. C. Grimes, Springfield, on behalf of the Illinois Division, Sons of Veterans, to deliver an address at Oak Ridge cemetery, Springfield, on Decoration Day, at the unveiling of the splendid monument erected by Stephenson Post. Senator Palmer and others are to make addresses. Col. Mallory will accept the invitation.

A TRAGIC DEATH.

Paul Smith, the Carpenter, Fatally Burned in a Fire.

From Tuesday's Daily.

This afternoon Paul Smith, the carpenter and contractor, whose home was at 840 West William street, was found burned to death in a small brush fire near the Brush College school house east of the city three miles on the road extending from East William street.

The deceased was found by some men in the employ of A. H. Cope, who are building a culvert in that vicinity. They found Mr. Smith lying with his head in the fire in the school yard, where he had apparently been engaged in burning some trash and brush. It is supposed that Mr. Smith was overcome by the smoke or had a fainting spell falling into the fire.

Mr. Smith was past 50 years of age, and was a veteran of the late war, having served in Co. K, 116th Indiana Infantry. He was a member of Dunham Post, 141, G. A. R. He leaves a widow.

Coroner Bendure was called to the scene of the tragic death, to take charge of the body.

From Wednesday's Daily.

This noon Coroner Bendure held the inquest on the body of the late Paul Smith, who was found dead Tuesday in the Spangler cemetery near the Brush College school house, two miles east of Decatur on the William street road. The evidence was heard at the home of the widow on West William street, and was as follows:

G. M. Ruble, teacher at the Brush College school, testified: Had known the deceased about one week, and saw him at 10:30 a. m., May 21. He was then filling up some graves; talked to him about his work; he did not complain about feeling sick; did not see him after that until he was found dead at about 3 p. m. Do not know the cause of his death, but think he was unconscious when he fell. Do not know whether he moved after he fell or not. Cannot say whether life was extinct or not when found. He could not have laid there more than 15 or 20 minutes after he fell.

Clarence White, a pupil at the school, testified: Did not know deceased; first saw him at 2:15 p. m. I saw him again at 3 p. m. with a pitchfork lying across his stomach. I think he was dead then. His hat was burning. The teacher told me to go and call some men who were working on a bridge. Deceased was found lying on his back with his limbs drawn up and his hands by his side.

The verdict was that Paul Smith came to his death from a stroke of apoplexy. The jurymen were Dr. H. D. Heil, W. H. Kirkwood, A. G. Gallagher, Dr. E. B. Walston, E. S. Baker and H. P. Hanthorn.

It appears that Mr. Smith, who was an officer of the Spangler Cemetery association, had been in the habit of looking after the grounds. He was there yesterday cleaning up and straightening things out. He had piled the trash and grass in little mounds, and then applied the match; but the fire got beyond his control, and in the excitement growing out of lighting the fire he became prostrated and died. There was no one with him, and as he fell in the fire he was more or less burned about the head.

Mr. Smith leaves a widow in comfortable circumstances. He was always industrious and saving and had amassed considerable property. He was in every respect a good citizen.

The funeral will be held Thursday afternoon, and the burial will be at the Spangler cemetery.

IN perfect harmony and unanimity rises the chorus of praise for Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

PERSONAL MENTION.

D. B. Folrath is entertaining his sister, Mrs. C. Webster, of Monticello.

John H. Powell, of Seattle, Washington, if in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Gastman.

Mrs. I. M. Wertz, of Macon is visiting in the family of her sister, Mrs. A. Gentzler, 866 Mason street.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Miller, of Shelbyville, are delegates to the Christian state Sunday school convention.

Misses Anna Barber and Maggie Lienhart, of Taylorville, who are attending the Sunday school convention, are the guests of J. C. Hane and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Danzeison have returned from their bridal trip. They will be at home to friends after July 1, at their new residence at 841 West Wood street.

D. O. Miltimore, of Los Angeles, Cal., arrived in the city last night and is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan Burgess. Mr. Miltimore is a prominent man in Los Angeles and he is out here in the interest of olive growers.

Attorney I. A. Buckingham and R. T. Allinon left last night for Corwith, Ia., to take depositions in the suit of the Bloomington Brick and Tile company against Mr. Allinon. He claimed that they did not deliver according to contract tile that he bought of them, and refused for that reason to pay as they demanded.

Horses Wanted.

I will be at 549 North Church street, Decatur, Ill., on Saturday and Monday, May 25 and 27, 1895. Would like a car load of good driving horses, weighing from 900 to 1100 pounds, and from 5 to 8 years old; well broken, sound and in good flesh. Highest market price will be paid. SETH PRATT.

21-d6w1

JUDGE HAMMER in the county court gave his decision in favor of B. O. McReynolds, administrator of the estate of the late F. A. Leforgee, and against Nellie Leforgee, which required the widow to turn over to the administrator notes to the amount of $1400, less $75.

A DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

State and County Superintendents Discuss School Matters.

From Tuesday's Daily.

To-day a district conference of county superintendents of public schools was held at the office of Superintendent Keller in the court house. The conference was called by the Hon. S. M. Inglis, of Carbondale, State Superintendent of Public Instruction, who with his assistant, Frank Kirk, of Charleston, was present. There were twelve counties represented by superintendents, as follows:

DeWitt—Mrs. Hattie P. Wilson, Clinton.
McLean—John S. Wren, Bloomington.
Sangamon—Andrew M. Brooks, Springfield.
Shelby—J. A. Montgomery, Shelbyville.
Moultrie—O. B. Lowe, Sullivan.
Edgar—George H. Gordon, Paris.
Crawford—M. N. Beeman, Robinson.
Putnam—W. E. Hawthorne, Granville.
Logan—J. S. Cole, Lincoln.
Coles—J. L. Whisnand, Charleston.
Piatt—James H. Martin, Monticello.
Macon—John G. Keller, Decatur.
Decatur—E. A. Gastman, Decatur, city superintendent.

The points brought up for discussion for mutual assistance and definiteness of action were county superintendent reports for 1895, visitation of schools, examination of teachers and annual institutes. Mr. Inglis and Mr. Kirk left this afternoon for Galesburg where there will be a similar conference to-morrow.

THE GERMAN BAPTISTS.

Everything Ready for the Crowds Which Are Expected to Come.

The German Baptists will find everything in apple pie order when the vanguard of the great wave strikes Decatur to-morrow. The contractors have done their part, and the work has been well done. The "Pine City" now covers Oakland Park, and all it wants is the population. The accommodations are ample for 10,000 people, and probably a larger number can gather in the great tabernacle and listen to the sermons. The lunch rooms and dining halls with their large ranges are all ready for use and if water is required, it is there and in generous quantity.

The grounds are in splendid condition, and in fact there is nothing left to be desired. The secretary of the association has been on the grounds for the last few days, but this afternoon returned to his home in Cerro Gordo. He will, with other officers of the association, be on hand to-morrow, prepared to give all needed information.

Ministers of the denomination will be present during the week, and sermons will be delivered in the large tabernacle. The first of the series will be preached to-morrow evening.

Obituary.

The funeral of Mrs. Grace F. Brooks, wife of James W. Brooks, was held at 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon from the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Shoemaker, on East Eldorado street. The services were conducted by Rev. W. H. Penhallegon, assisted by Rev. R. G. Hobbs, and were very largely attended. There were many beautiful floral tributes. Appropriate music was rendered by a quartet composed of Misses Addie Ebert, Florence Hatch, D. L. Bunn and Troy Alexander. The pallbearers were John Grindol, H. M. Bragg, Richard McMasters, Eugene Head, H. C. Anthony and Robert Mueller. The interment was at Greenwood.

Grace Shoemaker was born Aug. 7th, 1867. Was united in marriage to J. W. Brooks of Springfield, Dec. 25th, 1889. She had been a member of the Presbyterian church for several years. Her home has been in Chicago for the past 3 years, her husband being principal of one of the schools there. She had been a sufferer from asthma for several years but was taken seriously ill about 4 weeks ago with La Grippe which finally terminated in congestion of the lungs. The lake breeze being to severe for her, she was brought to her parents home, about two weeks ago, with the hope that the change would benefit her. She improved for a short time, then grew rapidly worse. Her suffering was severe, but was borne with christian resignation and patience. She thought more of others than of herself. She had a sweet and affectionate disposition and to know her was to love her. Besides a large circle of friends to mourn her sad and early death, she leaves a husband and daughter, Florence, aged 3 years; a father, mother, brother Ernest, and two sisters, Mollie, of this city, and Mrs. H. J. Swartz, of Centralia.

NEVER leave success to chance in the baking. Dr. Price's Baking Powder makes it sure.

WORK began this morning excavating for the foundation of the new boiler room at the plant of the Shellabarger Milling and Elevator company. The new room will occupy a position between the present boiler room and the storage house. It will be 36x80 feet and the storage capacity will be 5,000 barrels.

MR. AND MRS. D. L. MCGINNIS have moved to 831 North Monroe street, where they will reside. They have recently returned to Decatur from Jacksonville. Mr. McGinnis expects to go into the real estate business here again.

"SPLENDID" is the verdict of every lady and musician who looks upon the superb Haines and Reed & Son's pianos at the C. B. Prescott music house.

STATE CONVENTION.

Illinois Christian Sabbath School Workers in Session.

650 Schools in the State with 60,000 Members—Money in the Treasury—300 Delegates—Dr. Rains To-Night—Notes.

The 21st annual convention of the State Sunday School Association of the Church of Christ began at the Christian tabernacle Tuesday afternoon with a large attendance of delegates.

The devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. H. M. Brooks, of Paris, and Rev. George F. Hall, of the Decatur church, gave the address of welcome, to which Rev. W. W. Weedon, of Taylorville, responded.

Dr. J. W. Allen, of Chicago, gave a splendid address on "The Holy Spirit, Our Helper." It was heard with interest and profit.

Committees were appointed as follows:

Press—Prof. D. C. Brown, city; C. E. Hull, Salem.

Nominations—W. H. McGinnis, Polo; W. W. Weedon, Taylorville; H. C. Littleton, Mason City.

Order of Business—N. S. Haynes, Englewood; J. H. Wright, Normal; J. J. Harris, DuQuoin.

Auditing—J. W. McCleave, Lawrenceville; A. A. Devore, Chicago; J. A. Harrison, Stanford.

Place—E. B. Hale, Peoria; J. M. Morris, Galesburg; C. G. Cantrall, Williamsville.

Resolutions—J. P. McKnight, Harristown; Mrs. W. C. Kenner, Tuscola; W. D. Deweese, Bloomington.

Enrollment—G. W. Thomas, Rantoul; J. D. Miller, Shelbyville; Laura V. Thompson, Carthage.

The building was filled at the evening hour when Rev. G. W. Burrell, of Peoria, offered prayer. The president of the association, S. S. Jones, of Danville, delivered the annual address, which dealt with the work of enlarging and extending the Sunday school work in the state, leading the children into the churches and to noble and useful lives.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.

There was a devotional service at the tabernacle at 8:30 o'clock. It was well attended and was conducted by T. F. Weaver, of Lincoln.

W. P. Cannon, of Eureka, made the reports for the treasurer and the board. They showed that there are 650 schools in the state with 60,000 attendants. Receipts for the year, $2484.74; expenditures, $1432.86; balance, $1051.88. The reports were discussed by Revs. Haynes, Weaver, Brinkerhoff and Brooks with more or less earnestness.

"God's Revelation to Man, in Man and through Man," was discussed by J. N. Lester, of Waukegan. It was a topic of lively interest to all present, and considerable enthusiasm was aroused.

With a fine chart Knox P. Taylor, of Bloomington, the state evangelist, who has been in the harness for 15 years, gave a very interesting address on "Normal Work."

NOTES.

Dr. Allen returned to Chicago to-day.

There are about 300 delegates present, with many ladies.

It is a very responsive convention. Applause at times is generous.

There are about as many ladies as men present.

Among the active business men in attendance is W. C. Kenner, of Tuscola.

Miss Anna Hale, of Peoria, is the assistant for K. P. Taylor, the state evangelist.

Dr. S. P. Moore, of Jacksonville, and Rev. J. H. Gilliland and his assistant, W. D. Deweese, of Bloomington, are present.

To-morrow Mrs. Welty will arrive from Bloomington, bringing with her 80 children who will be used as a model primary class.

D. W. Chase represents the Christian *Standard*, Cincinnati; O. W. Stewart the Christian *News*, Eureka; G. A. Willets the Christian *Oracle*, Chicago.

The ladies of the Decatur church serve dinner and supper for the delegates daily at the old Christian church on Edward street. The delegates get breakfast at the homes of our people where they are given lodging at night.

ON ocean, lake and river, the great steamers are invariably supplied with Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

Got His Passes.

Tom Peniwell, the city ticket agent for the Illinois Central, was feeling pretty good last night. It will be recalled that while he was in Bloomington last week attending the G. A. R. encampment a light-fingered gent dug down in Tom's pocket, and got his pocket-book which contained $14 in cash, his railroad passes and some valuable papers. Last evening Tom got his book back, sent to him by a Bloomington officer to whom it had been given by the finder. It contained everything lost except the money. Tom would have been far better pleased if the money, too, had been restored to him, but he is not kicking very hard. He is gratified for the return of the passes and the papers.

MID-SUMMER INNOVATION.

Beauty Hats at Bradley Bros.' Big Store—Ladies Out in Force.

The enterprising Bradley Bros. have introduced a new feature at their popular dry goods and millinery establishment, and the innovation in Decatur takes well with the ladies, exceeding the expectations of the firm. It is the mid-summer millinery opening, so popular in the large cities, and by observing it the Bradley Bros. have placed Decatur in this respect at least side by side with Chicago and New York. And that femininity appreciate and encourage the innovation is proven by the large number of ladies who thronged the store to-day in response to invitations to inspect, admire and buy the loves of bonnets and hats in the superb display—everthing new and strictly up to date being exhibited with approved taste and lavish prodigality. It was with difficulty that the REPUBLICAN reporter could make his way through the throng, and his presence was apparently unnoticed because the ladies were too much interested in the splendid exhibit shown in the mirrored cabinets and cases flanked by American Beauty roses in princely profusion. Notes on a few of the beautiful hats were taken. They included these beauties:

Conley Sailor, trimmed in cerise roses and ivy foliage and berries. Paradise aigrette.

Large white hat with fancy braid, trimmed with Mercury wings, large brown poppies and foliage.

Child's hat, brim of shirred eyelet lace, rosettes of baby ribbon in cream; ostrich tips trimming.

Dutch bonnet in jet, trimmed with Mercury wings and turquoise shade, cream roses and velvet ribbon ties.

Anna Gould hat, with shirred brim of chiffon, white bell crown, trimmed with ostrich tips and Mercury wings.

Very handsome white straw hat, trimmed with different shades of lilac, black velvet ribbon bows, side bandeaux of black velvet ribbons and rhinestone ornaments.

Olga Nethersole hat, with crown of pink satin braid, brim of pink chiffon, edged with gold beads; Alsatian effect of black tips at back, finished with a choue of black velvet, handsome jet ornament finishing the front.

The ladies who could not find time today to attend the mid-summer opening will be gratified to learn that it will be continued until Thursday or Friday. All will be welcome.

OTHER DEPARTMENTS.

It should be added in this connection that the visitor will find something new and attractive in every department of the establishment. In the silk department are shown fancy check silks for waists; in the dress goods section, crepons for skirts and suits; in the kid glove department, new embroidered-back Jouvin kids; in the wash goods department, embroidered broches, special at 25 cents; in the muslin underwear section will be found the new umbrella skirt and Empire gown, and so on through the domestic, lace curtain, carpet and cloak sections—everything new, bright and handsome.

Every department buyer in the store claims that he secured all the good things of the season for his section, and takes pleasure in calling attention to the articles.

Dasies.

Those $1.50 tan razor Oxfords, for ladies, look like, wear like, and are like shoes that you will find sold at $2.-$2.50, in other stores, and are altogether the handsomest new shoes that we have offered you this season. Any size, and five widths, 2½ to 8, and from A to E, and high-cut shoes of the same, for a fraction more than cost—to be found only at Powers' Shoe Store. 21-d&w1w

Bell vs Bell.

In the circuit clerk's office to-day Mrs. Victoria Bell began suit for a divorce from her husband, Charley Bell, alleging drunkenness. There are three children, 2, 9 and 15 years. The attorneys for the complainant are the Mills Bros.

Bicycle Record Broken.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 19.—Fritz Lacy, a local rider, yesterday lowered the 25-mile competition race world's record, 1:04:06 3-5, held by L. S. Meintjes. Lacey's time was 1:03:06 3-5.

A Big Fire.

The Wabash depot at Monticello caught fire last evening and the entire interior was burned out. A bicycle several trunks, a large quantity of express packages were consumed.

Killed in a Runaway.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 19.—Joseph Sullivan, an organizer of the barbers' union, was riding on a soda-water wagon to-day when the team ran away and Sullivan was killed.

DIED.

On May 19, of consumption, Jesse Johnson, aged 21 years.

The funeral took place to-day from North Fork church.

On May 20, of consumption, on West Decatur street, Carrie Evans, daughter of Mrs. Martha Evans, aged 15 years.

The funeral took place this afternoon.

"THE American Corn and Hog Journal" is published at Sibley, by J. H. Bagley.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Weekly Republican.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1895.

SOUTH CAROLINA is trying to nullify a decision of the United States court.

THERE are still some people who can not distinguish between a unit of account and a unit of value.

THE long pension case is again up before the district court in Washington on appeal by the commissioner of pensions.

WEEK after next the Republicans of Ohio will hold their state convention and we will then learn what they think of free coinage.

ENGLAND might do a profitable business if it were to go into the arbitration business with this country while Cleveland and Gresham are in power.

THE impression that the supreme court will declare the income tax law unconstitutional is gaining every day and may soon amount to an assurance.

DAVID B. HILL says he does not know this man Hinrichsen, but this will not injure Buck, because he can establish his identity by proving that Altgeld knows him.

SENATOR CULLOM, who is in California with a senatorial committee, states that he is in no sense a candidate for president, *but would accept the nomination* if tendered him.

DAVID B. HILL was too swift for Hinrichsen. *He denied that he had any* communication with Hinrichsen before Hinrichsen denied he had any business with David B. Hill.

A LAW suit in Hodgenville, Ky., which already produced a bill of costs of about $500 involves the title to 1-200th part of an acre of land valued at 2½ cents. Who says there is no principle worth fighting for.

WHEN Chauncy Depew stated that the next campaign will be fought on the question of "Hard Times vs Good Times" *he stated a truth that will be realized as* soon as the presidential campaign of 1896 opens.

THE free silver boom has developed a national ticket that will cause the leaves to wither, to-wit: Dave Hill, of New York, for president, and Buck Hinrichsen, of Jacksonville, Morgan county, in the state of Illinois, for vice president. In this deal Theodore Nelson will probably be secretary of the navy.

THE hardest man to do anything with is the person who starts wrong by getting a false notion into his head. The more you argue with him the more he thinks you are trying to deceive him. None can approach him except those who are interested in having him go wrong. This is the most dangerous element in human nature and for that reason no one is safe in coming to a conclusion when his prejudices or passions are appealed to or when they are allowed *in any degree to interfere* with his judgment.

Ex-Gov. PECK, of Wisconsin, says of the silver craze in that state that "when it first started I saw a lot of men who expected to make political capital out of the movement. Political ambition is all right, but the men who flocked to the silver standard I do not think did it on account of conviction but through the idea of gaining political chances." This fact he says the people have discovered, and though a month ago silver would have swept the state, to-day it has but a scant following. The people have discovered the trick.

SENATOR MITCHELL, of Oregon, who is chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, in response to a letter of inquiry from Senator Higgins, of Delaware, in relation to the senatorial situation in that state, says:

"I have no hesitation in giving you personally my present impressions, which are very strongly to the effect that the acting governor of your state, holding the office of governor, has no right, while holding such office and exercising its functions, to exercise any of the functions of a senator, either those relating to the election of a United States senator or otherwise. If I am right in this, then it would seem to follow very clearly that Mr. Dupont was legally elected senator."

He adds, that "probably on full argument of able counsel, the view I have taken might be changed."

THERE is a rumor to the effect that the governorship was a factor in the selection of a commander at the recent meeting of the state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic at Bloomington. It is also reported that the election of a commander was largely controlled by the persons who wanted to be adjutant of the department. However this may be, both are radically wrong, and should never be allowed to enter into the business of that organization. There is a salary attached to the office of adjutant general, and it is fair to presume that this is what makes the office desirable; but if the effect is to create a scramble for the position so intense as to involve the election of the commander who appoints the adjutant, then the salary had better be cut down to where it will not produce an abnormal temperature. As to the governorship it would be well for the people to keep that in mind, and whenever any man attempts to advance his political ambitions by being a candidate for commander, or aids in preventing the election of a candidate for commander, because he fears an election to that position might result in the nomination of that person for governor, they should deal summarily with him. The Grand Army should be kept free from these things. It cannot afford to allow designing men to use it to advance their interests. It is safe to say that any one who attempts to use the organization in that way is not entitled to the suffrages of the people because he could not be safely trusted.

The Confederate Monument.

A good deal has been said in Grand Army circles about the proposed dedication of a monument to the Confederate dead in Chicago on Decoration Day. It is true the monument is to be dedicated to memorializ those who died in a cause which, if successful, meant the destruction of the Union. It is also true that they were American citizens enjoying the protection and liberties of the government at the time they took a soldier's oath to destroy the government. But it is also true that there was great cause for the revolution which resulted in the organization of this government and that Great Britain did all in its power to prevent the success of the revolution, not even hesitating to hire Hessians and Indians to aid it. And yet notwithstanding this fact, if *Great Britain were to ask permission to* erect a monument at Yorktown or Boston to commemorate those who represented that government in the conflict, no one would make serious objection providing it were done in a modest manner, and was made entirely free from anything humiliating to our government.

The same rule applies to the dedication of a monument to the Confederate dead in Chicago. There cannot justly be any objection to those living comrades who fought with them, even though the cause was treasonable and bad, remembering them in song and story and by monument. So long as *there is no effort* to insult the nation by lauding the indefensible cause by referring to it as having been constitutional, and fought in the interest of liberty and by the display of Confederate flags, there should be no objection. It is no worse to erect a monument over the ashes of those *American citizens who were misled* and driven into a bad cause in Chicago than in Richmond or Atlanta. We are again one people, and Chicago is no more sacred than Mobile or Shiloh.

The ex-Union soldier ought to be as careful now to permit his humanity to be free as he was on the bloody field of combat, where he was as much moved to apply the canteen to the lips of a poor, dying Confederate soldier as to quench the thirst of his own comrade who was suffering.

So long as the erection of a monument to the Confederate dead, buried in Chicago, is confined to their remembrance, there should be no objection and Grand Army men should encourage it; but the moment a living ex-Confederate oversteps the bounds of courtesy and loyalty to the Union and attempts to use the event to laud the cause of secession and magnify the effete dogma of state sovereignty, then every Grand Army *man and every loyal citizen should* object in terms which cannot be misunderstood. The idea that Jefferson Davis was a greater patriot than Abraham Lincoln should not be allowed to be taught anywhere in the Union.

Jury Duty.

New York Times: There is no duty of good citizenship more important than jury duty. Burke's famous saying that the object of the whole British jurisprudence was to get twelve men in a jury box is as true now as it was when he said it. Especially is it incumbent upon men to perform this service when the *work of political reform* has been carried from the polls to the courts, as is the case in this city at present. The disclosures of the Lexow committee have influenced a municipal election. In order to have their full effect it is necessary that they should be followed up by criminal prosecutions in which every public officer smirched by these disclosures shall be put upon his trial and receive a condemnation or a vindication. By serving as a juror upon the trial of an accused policeman a citizen may render more valuable service to the cause of political reform than he can render by voting for it, or even by drawing checks in its favor. Yet there are citizens who will vote in favor of reform, and even draw checks in favor of reform, who revolt at the prospect of giving their own time to reform for as many days as may be necessary to try a criminal case, and who will even misrepresent under oath their own mental and moral condition in order to shirk the performance of their duty as citizens. No man who does this can be accounted a good citizen. In cases of great public importance, such as those that have grown and are likely still to grow out of the disclosures made before the Lexow committee, the shirking of jury duty by those who are qualified to perform it is a public offense. Unfortunately, the only penalties which it is feasible to apply to this offense are social penalties, and these ought to be rigorously visited upon the offenders. There ought to be a public opinion which condemns a man as severely for shirking jury duty as for not paying his bills. If such a public opinion existed it would be as efficient *to prevent the one offense as it is to pre*vent the other.

Suit for $500,000 Won.

Some years ago the REPUBLICAN contained a write-up of an important litigation then started in Kentucky by R. M Foster, of Mt. Sterling, Ky., involving hundreds of thousands of dollars. It was a suit against three big corporations of Louisville, for coal and timber land. Mr. Foster is a brother of Alderman D. L. Foster, of the Third ward. He has just received a letter from R. M. stating that at last he had won the suit in the Kentucky court of appeals and would come into possession of the property which is valued at $500,000. When asked if he would get any of the stuff, Alderman Foster answered: "No; it's nothing to me. I'll get nothing as I am not in it. The property belongs to my brother's wife. He has been fighting the case a long time, and it is very gratifying to me to learn that he won in the contest."

SENATOR PEFFER has probably heard of our friend Webber's views of what our money should consist of. Peffer is opposed to both gold and silver as money because they are commercial commodities. He would only use them to pay off bonds and settle balances in our business with other countries. As our chief money he wants something which has no commercial value, probably, wind.

SICK headache, constipation and indigestion are quickly cured by De Witt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Battles & Eichinger.

The "Gold Standard Period."

The Chicago *Tribune:* The Milwaukee *Sentinel* is publishing a serious of articles giving the principal facts in the history of money in the United States. Its fifth article on the subject begins with the statement that "the period from 1834 down to 1873 is usually termed the gold standard period," and then states as the reason that the mint ratio between the money metals permitted gold to circulate, but the discrimination "in favor of gold" caused the owners of silver to export it or to sell it for manufacture into silverware. This is a statement that ought not to escape the attention of Coin's Financial Fool. It seems that during very nearly the last half of the time he claims "we had both gold and silver as money walking arm in arm in the United States mints" (page 18), the country was so exclusively on the gold basis that those years formed what was usually termed the "gold standard period." And that is "how silver was assassinated" by its friends long prior to 1873. It had disappeared from circulation because it was worth *more for use in the arts* than as money, and gold was left alone to serve as the standard money of the United States. Under those circumstances silver producers cared nothing about free coinage, as they could make more with their silver than by sending it to the mint. Perhaps that was the reason why in his speech in the Senate in the early part of 1871, when the bill to drop the silver dollar was under discussion, Senator Stewart said:

I want the standard gold, and no paper money not redeemable in gold; no *paper money* the value of which is not ascertained. No paper money that will organize a gold board to speculate in it. Gold is the universal standard of the world. Everybody knows what a dollar in gold is worth.

Was that also the reason why the Senators from Nevada, California and Oregon, *all mining states, voted to strike* out the silver dollar, while Senator Sherman voted against it? This is one of the points on which Coin's Financial Fool did not find it convenient to dwell. He had nothing to say about it to his class of financiers. He and his backers in Montana are "a unit" in carefully avoiding all mention of the fact.

Money.

There are some who say there is not enough money in the country to do the business and make money easy when as a matter of fact, there never was as much money as there is now, and there was never a time when a thousand dollars' worth of business could be done with as little use of actual money, through the agency of checks and drafts and other means. Interest was never as low.

In 1860 our circulation, including gold, silver, state, bank and "stumptail" money, was $13.85 per capita; in 1865 it was $20.57 per capita; in 1870 it was $17.50 per capita; in 1875 it was $17.16 per capita; in 1880 it was $19.41 per capita; in 1890 it was $22.82 per capita, and in 1894 it was $25.55 per capita, or nearly twice as much as it was in 1860. This shows that the cry for more money is not based upon the facts.

ST. LOUIS *Globe-Democrat:* Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, has vetoed an act of the Legislature giving married women the same control over their separate real estate that is exercised by married men. To give married women this power, he says, "is to invite ill-considered and selfish advice from meddlesome and impecunious relatives, and to afford new opportunities to the itinerant speculator on the credulity and inexperience of the people." The "new woman" should bring herself to bear at once upon the man who thus questions the capacity of her sex to manage its own business.

SOME of the 50-cent dollar Democrats are declaring that no Democrat who does not subscribe to their fiat theory will be kicked out of the party. Those gentlemen do not seem to comprehend the fact that if the Democratic party takes up the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 there will be an exodus from the Democratic party that will not have to be accelerated by kicks.

W. B. BRINTON, United States marshal for this district, is out in a card denying that he has been preaching the free coinage of silver doctrine. He remembers that Grover Cleveland has had something to say recently about his appointees antagonizing the administration on the money question.

SPEAKER CRISP has had his conscience stirred by something. He has abandoned his former convictions which favored the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 and now favors 20 to 1. He will have to jump ten points more before he can have a clear conscience

ENGLAND will work overtime to get every advantage she can of America while the present administration is in power, for she knows she will not be able to fool with the next one because it will be Republican.

A Household Treasure.

D. W. Fuller, of Conajoharie, N. Y. says that he always keeps Dr. King's New Discovery in the house, and his family has always found the very best results follow its use; that he would not be without it, if procurable. G. A. Dykeman, druggist, Catskill, N. Y., says that Dr. King's New Discovery is undoubtedly the best Cough remedy; that he has used it in his family for eight years, and it never failed to do all that it claimed for it. Why not try a remedy *so long tried and tested?* Trial bottles free at King & Hubbard's drug store Regular size 50c and $1.00. cm

DANVILLE has lots of paving brick made right at home, yet the new street paving will be done with foreign brick.

B. H. BOWMAN, Pub. *Enquirer*, of Bremen, Ind., writes: "Last week our little girl baby, the only one we have, was taken sick with croup. After two doctors failed to give relief and life was hanging on a thread we tried One Minute Cough Cure, and its life was saved." Battles & Eichinger.

AN effort is being made to organize a hussar company at Peoria.

GOOD MONEY.

National Independence and Liberty Depend Upon It.

PAPER I.

When our fathers made "The Declaration of Independence" it did not mean that the colonies were independent and free, but rather that they intended by the help of the Almighty to become a free people. It implied the political thralldom under which the people had suffered—which Great Britain had unjustly imposed.

Our fathers declared their intention, and staked their honor, their fortunes and their lives upon the issue. It was many years before they reached anything like a realization of their hopes and labors. Many long marches were made and bloody battles fought before the tyrant's yoke was politically broken. More than a hundred years have gone by, and yet the independence and liberty so confidently and patriotically expected is but partially realized and enjoyed. While the larger portion of the people of the United States at this day have a mere modicum of independence and political freedom. The religious and financial crafts of the Old World still hang like a pall over all the land, menacing liberty of speech, the press, and of legal and honorable action on many lines of thought and enterprise. The financial independence of America at this time is no nearer than it was at the close of the Revolution, except that a more enlightened public opinion is looking to a better day. At the close of the revolutionary war, intellect and labor for a short time among the white race, enjoyed some liberty; and then it was that honest toil was respected and rewarded, and under the short reign of untrammeled industry, even with a bad medium of exchange, want and poverty fled from the land, and the great national prosperity with our natural resources enabled "Uncle Sam," "to shake himself from the dust and put on his beautiful garments," taking the first place among nations, honored at home and abroad. But no nation can long enjoy independence of any kind without a correct financial system, and liberty is out of the question, saying nothing about protection of life and property. We are still financially and blindly following the old uncertain, unsafe and inadequate money system of England, which, for the United States, means a constantly growing national debt, the interest of which for every generation figures up nearly enough to defray national expenses for that length of time. This interest, since the late civil war has gone up to the enormous sum of some billions of dollars. It does not take much financial sagacity to see that the present plan of issuing and selling bonds only increases the trouble and brings the day of ruin still closer to our capital and homes. It also offers rogues the opportunity to eat out of the national treasury. I see from the United States Treasurer's report, now before me, from 1862 to 1891, that the interest and what the government paid the bondholders foots up a total of *profits and interest of $3,160,015,890—to bondholders.* I want to impress the thought that without a correct and well grounded medium of exchange no nation can long maintain its independence and respectability. So soon as the head of the family fails financially, want and abject poverty, and too frequently disease, takes the place of peace, health, prosperity and happiness. So it has been and so it will continue to be the condition of every nationality under heaven. Precisely as it takes a good financial management to maintain the respectability and prosperity and happiness of the family, so does it require a wise, well-founded and properly managed financial policy in the government, to insure the people against want, poverty and the loss of home and country—of all that makes life worth living.

Now, sir, in the discussion of our national financial system I am neither a Democrat nor a Republican, and yet not a populist, but I propose through your paper to show that our present monetary system, no matter how well it may be managed, will ever meet the ends and serve the purpose of a good medium for a people that have tasted and enjoyed some of the fruits of of national independence and liberty. It takes but little observation to see that the present struggle, going on to advance partyism, and to further demonitize silver on the one hand and to fix a gold basis on the other, is not really by and of the people, but rather it is the old fight of the kings and princes, whose craft is in danger at the ending of this great century. King craft and aristocracy by reason of age have the advantage in the struggle for honest money, but the increasing light of the times is rapidly putting a period to their schemes to beat back the tide of freedom and to enslave the masses. The real condition of the great body of our people on the national finances of to-day is well illustrated by Prof. Swing. *In speaking of the old religious crafts of* the past ages, born of ignorance and superstition, he says: "As the slaves carried in long sea voyages, doubled down between decks, were, for the most part, unable to walk when the prison ship had landed and they were ordered out into the open air, so we all, borne for hundreds of years in the theological prison ships, landing at last find ourselves almost unable to walk or stand alone on the open shore of this great century."

When the people of the United States become thoroughly acquainted with this question, and what is in certain circles called the money of the world, as certainly in the good time coming they shall be, I apprehend there will be no trouble about a national debt, and of getting enough money to run the government in times like this, while our land "flows with milk and honey," and we are at peace with all nations.

You say a good deal in the REPUBLICAN about "honest money," but of course you do not pretend to mean by the phrase that there is no honest money but gold and silver, do you? If you mean that there is no "honest money" but gold and silver, it is a little strange that those who have handled most of it in this country for the past thirty years, and as the history shows, those who have been most conspicuous in the legislation and management of the United States' financial system, could not pretend to honesty nor patriotism on the subject. Do not think me personal, but if the discussion brings up things both old and new, as patriotic citizens, wishing only the survival or the fittest and the best, let us so declare ourselves for the common good of all and the glory of the whole country. DR. R. C. BAYLY,
947 N. Water Street, Decatur, Ill.

ENOCH ROSS, of Vermilion county, lost a bunch of hogs from the great heat of last week. He made a wallow for the drove and a number of the prostrated ones recovered.

PETER ROCKER, living west of Green Valley, met with quite a severe loss in having 1000 bushels of corn burned. The flames were started by his little daughter.

THE C. & E. I. will lay 25 miles of new steel rails between Terre Haute and Danville this summer.

"And you would prefer to have me visit you less frequently," he said.

"Yes," she answered. "Father objects to my receiving so much company."

"And you won't wear my engagement ring?"

"No. Father objects to my receiving presents from young men."

"And you decline to meet me occasionally at the front gate?"

"Yes. Father has just purchased a bulldog, you know."

His face took on a shadow of deep annoyance.

"It is as I feared," he muttered. "The country is going all wrong through too much paternalism."—Washington Star.

A Sure Sign.

"Why, my dear, what's the matter?" kindly asked a lady of her friend.

"Oh, I feel I'm beginning to look old," was the mournful reply.

"Nonsense; whatever put such an idea into your head?

"Because," was the reply, "I notice that whenever I cross Broadway the policemen never take my arm as they used to do."—Alex Sweet, in Texas Siftings.

A Great Preponderance.

Tom DeWitt—1875 must have been a great year for girls.

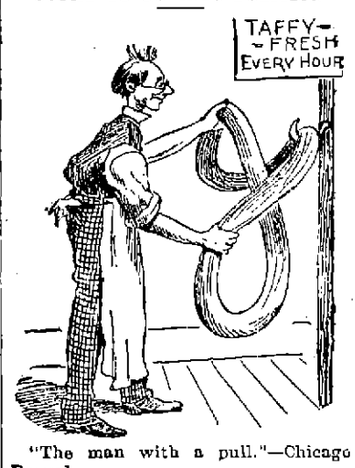
Kitty Winslow—I don't see—

Tom Dewitt—Oh! I was merely wondering how it happened so many more girls were born that year than any other.

Kitty Winslow—How do you know there were?

Tom DeWitt—Why, every girl I have met this summer has been just aineteen.—Life.

OUGHT TO GO INTO POLITICS.



"The man with a pull."—Chicago Record.

A Chance to Show It.

Mrs. McBride—Before we were married you often wished there was some brave deed you could do for me to show your love.

Mr. McBride—Yes, dear, and I would do it now.

Mrs. McBride—Then, love, go down in the kitchen and discharge Bridget. —Harlem Life.

Good Grounds for Prophecy.

Van Sharp—I hear Guscie Hardluck is very ill. How is he getting on, doctor?

Dr. Pillbox—I don't think he will live a month.

Van Sharp—Who is attending him?

Dr. Pillbox (with some hesitation)—I am.—Town Topics.

No Other Evidence Needed.

"Yes," said the young physician, with pardonable pride, "my practice is among the best people of the city. Almost every family on my list has a burial lot in the most fashionable cemetery in the neighborhood."—Chicago Tribune.

A Rural View.

Johnny Wayback—Did you see that young lady from the city? She's got on a coat, and vest, and shirt, and collar, and necktie, and a man's hat, and 'most everything.

Little Sister—Hush! It's wicked to make fun of crazy people.—Good News.

A Poor Business.

Wheeler—Well, Jayson! So you've given up farming. How's that?

Jayson—Very simple. In winter, when vegetables brought high prices, I couldn't raise any; and in summer, when I had plenty, they sold so cheap there was no profit in 'em.—Puck.

Where Credit Is Due.

Mrs. Strongmind—Don't you think woman's hand has played an important part in the great work of civilization?

Philosopher — Undoubtedly; but I don't think her hand has been quite so effective as her slipper.—N. Y. Weekly.

Had Been in More Than Four.

"Yes," said the indignant citizen, "you're a nice *brainy* alderman, you are, and this boodle business is your forte."

"You're dead wrong," said the alderman, complacently, "dis here boodle case is me fift'."—Chicago Record.

INDUSTRIAL AND STATISTICAL.

ABOUT a million dollars' worth of sweet corn were canned in Maine last year.

THE national department of agriculture returns last year's clip at five and a half pounds of wool per head, 240,000,000 pounds.

THREE THOUSAND vessels have used the Manchester ship canal in the first year after its opening. Of these 501 were foreign vessels bound to Manchester direct.

IT is estimated that the death rate of the world is sixty-seven per minute, and the birth rate seventy a minute, yet this seemingly light percentage of gain suffices to give a net increase of population of 1,200,000 souls annually.

THE creek running through Clinton from the Illinois Central shops is said to have become a nuisance, owing to the filth thrown into it.

THE Illinois Association of Congregational Churches will hold a convention in Jacksonville May 20, continuing four days.

THOUSANDS OF WOMEN SUFFER UNTOLD Miseries.

BRADFIELD'S

Female Regulator,

ACTS AS A SPECIFIC

By Arousing to Healthy Action all her Organs.

It Causes Health to Bloom, and Joy to Reign Throughout the Entire Frame.

IT NEVER FAILS TO REGULATE.

"My wife has been under treatment of leading physicians three years, without benefit. After using three bottles of BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR she can do her own cooking, milking and washing." S. S. BRYAN, Henderson, Ala.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Sold by druggists at $1.00 per bottle.

How It Is Done.

Brown—Tell you, old man, I have a scheme now that absolutely requires no capital and is a sure winner every time. I am going to get rich.

Baker—You wouldn't let a fellow in, would you?

"Well, seeing as it is you, I will let you in for five dollars.

"Oh, well, five dollars is not much to risk on a good thing. Here it is, and now tell me what your scheme is."

"That's it."

"What's it?"

"That is. Haven't I just made a five out of it? Go thou and do likewise."—Cincinnati Tribune.

—The draft riot in New York began on the second day of the conscription, Monday, July 12, 1862. Gen. John E. Wool, U. S. A., commanding the department of the east, had his headquarters in the city; under him were Brig.-Gen. Harvey Brown, colonel of the Fifth artillery, U. S. A., and Maj.-Gen. Sanford, N. G. S., N. Y. The riot lasted all of Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, July 13, 14 and 15; the police, some ex-soldiers and a very few regulars and marines made the only organized opposition to the mob. The militia regiments were at the Gettysburg campaign; they began to return on Wednesday and Thursday.

—Paul de Kock, the novelist, is to have a monument at Lilas on the outskirts of Paris, where he lived. Alexandre Dumas, Arsene Houssaye, and other well known writers have the matter in hand. The elder Dumas was once told that the works of only three novelists of his period would survive, when he answered: "Please add Paul de Kock to the list. He will live longer than any of us."

—Prince Bismarck is quite a hearty eater for a man of his years. Cheeses of various kinds and all varieties of game are especially pleasing to him, and he likes a good deal of sea food at certain seasons. He has always been very partial to the delicacies of the table and has even been suspected of an admiration for French cookery.

—"What is your reduction for clergymen on books?" "Twenty per cent.," replied the storekeeper. "Are you a clergyman?" "Not yet, but I expect to be. I'm half through my course at the theological seminary." "Then you can have ten per cent. Half clergyman, half reduction," said the storekeeper.—Harper's Bazar.

—Villany Unveiled.—Younglove—"My dear, the bank cashier informs me that you have overdrawn your account." Mrs. Younglove—"He does? The villain! George, see here! There, now; only five checks used, and my book nearly full! The miserable, dishonest scoundrel."—Harlem Life.

—The Tourist—"You seem to be proud of your family title." The New York millionaire abroad (proudly)—"Of course, I am. I paid for it in good hard dollars."—Chicago Record.

—He that does good to another does good also to himself.—Seneca.

Call It a Craze.

AN ALARMING STATEMENT CONCERNING WOMEN.

HOW BAD HABITS ARE FORMED.

The *New York Tribune* says: "The habit of taking 'headache powders' is increasing to an alarming extent among a great number of women throughout the country. These powders as their name indicates, are claimed by the manufacturers to be a positive and speedy cure for any form of headache. In many cases their chief ingredient is morphine, opium, cocaine or some other equally injurious drug having a tendency to deaden pain. The habit of taking them is easily formed, but almost impossible to shake off. Women usually begin taking them to relieve a raging headache and soon resort to the powder to alleviate any little pain or ache they may be subjected to, and finally like the morphine or opium fiend, get into the habit of taking them regularly, imagining that they are in pain if they happen to miss their regular dose."

In nine cases out of ten, the trouble is in the stomach and liver. Take a simple laxative and liver tonic and remove the offending matter which deranges the stomach and causes the headache. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are composed entirely of the purest, concentrated, vegetable extracts. One Pellet is a dose; sugar-coated, easily swallowed; *once used, always in favor.* They positively *cure* sick headache and remove the disposition to it.

MR. E. VARGASON, of *Otter Lake, Lapeer Co., Mich.*, writes: "I not infrequently have an attack of the headache. It usually comes on in the forenoon. At my dinner I eat my regular meal, and take one or two of Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets immediately after, and in the course of an hour my headache is cured and no bad effects. I feel better every way for having taken them—not worse, as is usual after taking other kinds of pills. 'Pleasant Pellets' are worth more than their weight in gold, if for nothing else than to cure headache."

E. VARGASON, ESQ.

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ILLINOIS FREE COINAGE.

Sound Money Democrats to be Read Out of Their Party.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 14.—Every man who does not believe in the free coinage of silver is to be read out of the Democratic party in Illinois. This is the program to be put into execution as soon as the state convention at Springfield shall have adopted a free silver platform and made it the text of true Democracy as interpreted by the Altgeld-Hinrichsen-Hopkins silver wing of the party. No man who can not and will not subscribe to the new gospel of silver-lined Democracy can participate in the reorganization which is to take place not only in the state central committee, but in every county central committee in the state, following the adjournment of the state convention. The leaders have kept their plans secret so far, but it is learned from an authoritative source that a complete reorganization of the party committees is to be made during the month of June.

This means a thorough reorganization of the state and county central committees, the ejection from the committees of every hard-money Democrat, and the clearing of the decks for the battle of 1896, when the silver Democrats propose to send a solid free-silver delegation to the National convention. By obtaining absolute control of the organization they will recognize no one as a Democrat and permit no one to participate at any primary or in any convention, county or state, who does not subscribe to the free-silver dogma.

Sales of Real Estate.

C. E. Dawson to A. T. Summers, lot 11, block 3, Yates & King's addition—$4,000.

C. E. Dawson to A. R. Cretors, lots 4 and 5, block 9, Riverside Place—$1,000.

J. F. Schoch to A. B. Kuhns, 30 acres in 22, 17, 3 east—$1,000.

A. B. Kuhns to W. H. Pensinger, 40 acres in 22, 17, 3 east—$2,000.

A. G. Dinger to A. B. Kuhns, same tract—$100.

A. T. Summers to C. E. Dawson, lot 5, block 6, Crowder & Cornthwaite's addition—$400.

L. L. Starne to L. E. Herrington, 1½ acres in 19, 17, 4 east—$1.

Reuben Wilson to L. M. Starne, same tract—$100.

L. L. Leeds to P. M. Wikoff, quitclaim to lot 5, block 3, North Decatur addition, now Allen, McReynolds & Co.'s addition—$1.00.

Marion Cooper to Sylvester Bilby, interest in tracts in Mt. Zion—$30.

J. J. Finn to J. M. Rainey, master's certificate to lot 16, block 1, Carver's addition—$901.65.

Same to Savings Fund and Building association, certificate to lot 12, block 2, Smith & Co.'s addition—$453.35.

W. J. Pegram to F. P. Roddy, lot 3, block 4, Enterprise addition—$1.

Philip Bauer to Henry Bauer, tract in 28 and 29, 16, 2 east—$2.00.

Henry A. Wood to Joseph McMahon, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, in block 14, Wood's subdivision—$3200.

Madison Stewart to Jacob Hamm, tract in 19, 17, 4 east—$150.

Henry A. Wood to Joseph McMahon, lots 3 and 4, block 15, H. A. Wood's subdivision $1600.

Joseph McMahon to Henry A. Wood, lot 8, block 2, M. Johnson's subdivision—$1500.

Emma E. Boles to Frank P. Roddy, tract in block 7, Crowder & Cornthwait's addition—$1.00.

Elliott Wheeler to Reuben Wilson, 1½ acres in 19, 17, 4 east.

Philip Bauer to Edward Bauer, tracts in 29, 16, 2 east—$2.00.

Emanuel Sterr to Walter Eden, lot 10, block 7, Smith & Co.'s addition; also lots 12 and 13, block 1, Plant & Tuttle's addition—$6,500.

Marilla Dunham to Joseph Arthur, lot 1, block 1, Dunham's first addition—$325.

Samuel Funk to S. S. Jack, quit claim to lot 13, block 9, Smith & Co.'s addition—$450.

McKINLEY IS ENDORSED.

County Convention at Columbus Favors the Governor for President.

COLUMBUS, O., May 16.—The Republican county mass convention to-day indorsed Gov. McKinley for President and Foraker for United States senator. The convention also endorsed George K. Nash, of Columbus, as a Republican candidate for governor. He is regarded here as a leading candidate.

G. A. R. Encampment Notes.

The state G. A. R. encampment closed yesterday afternoon, the next meeting to be held at Cairo. A committee was selected to arrange for a special design for a distinctive badge for the Illinois division of the G. A. R. and report at Cairo next year. Balloting for delegates at large for the national convention at Louisville and for five members of the council of administration was then had. Gen. Powell reappointed Adjutant General Spink, of Chicago, to that position for Illinois. Isaac N. Taylor, quartermaster, of Byner Post No. 67, of Peoria, was also reappointed. Rev. Charles W. Ayling, commander of Post No. 620, of Dwight, was elected department chaplain.

The following were selected by the convention as representatives to the national convention: J. N. Reece, Post 30; James O'Donnell, Post 40; T. S. Rodgers, Post 438; A. Adair, Post 615; Smith D. Atkins, Post 98; W. F. Crawford, Post 492; J. L. Bennett, Post 28.

The elective members of the council of administration for the coming year is composed of T. W. Cole, Post 1; A. D. Cadwallader, Post 182; Jesse G. King, King, Post 57; O. F. Avery, Post 105.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, &c. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HERBINE will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price, 75 cents. Free trial bottles at Battles & Eichinger's drug store.

ROY CLOPPER, of Thomasboro, aged 14, is very low with lockjaw, the result of running a big splinter in his middle toe, and may die.

WESTERN UNION RIVAL.

Decatur to Have the Postal Telegraph Cable Service in the Near Future.

It Means Better Telegraph Service for Our Citizens—Will Ask for an Ordinance.

It is probable that within a few months Decatur will have a new commercial telegraph service, with a fully equipped office established at some central point in the city. It will be the Postal Telegraph-Cable company, in connection with the Commercial (Mackay-Bennett) Cables, which connect with all points in the world.

E. J. Nally, assistant general superintendent, and C. M. Baker, superintendent of construction, both of Chicago, representing the Postal Telegraph company, were in the city to-day, and both gentlemen paid the REPUBLICAN a call in company with Attorney J. J. Finn. The gentlemen were in Decatur strictly for business, and met many merchants who were glad to learn that plans were being laid to establish the new company in Decatur.

The Postal company will ask the city council to pass an ordinance granting it the privilege to put up one line of poles and string wires in the city. Messrs. Nally and Baker believe that the privilege will be granted Monday night, and if it is then plans will be perfected at once to establish the business of the new company in the city.

There will be no cut in the rates. The prices will be the same as those charged by the Western Union Telegraph company, but it is promised that the service will be thoroughly satisfactory. The company has extended its wires to Bloomington and will bring them down the Illinois Central right of way through Clinton to Decatur. The Postal company has 4,000 offices permanently established and is extending its lines steadily every year.

State W. R. C. Officers.

At the Bloomington meeting Thursday the Illinois Woman's Relief Corps elected officers as follows: President, Mrs. Flo J. Miller, Monticello; senior vice president, Mrs. Mary P. Thiell, Chicago; junior vice president, Mrs. Jane W. Savage, Rockford; treasurer, Mrs. Helen Bristol, Quincy; chaplain, Mrs. McCullough, Galesburg; secretary, Miss Mattie Jamison, Monticello; delegate-at-large, Mrs. Mary E. McCauley, Olney.

Executive board of department council: Mrs. Bender, Monticello; Mrs. Craig, Springfield; Mrs. Davidson, Bloomington; Mrs. Harwood, Decatur, and Mrs. Scragg, Aurora.

Department Home Board: Mrs. Simpson, Peoria; Mrs. Means, Chicago; Mrs. Bender, Monticello; Mrs. Sanders, Bloomington, and Mrs. Briggs, Delevan.

Just as Past Commander McDowell was leaving for his home in Pontiac the ladies gave him a handsome basket of flowers. The same gift was made to the new commander, Gen. Powell, at the Windsor last evening, soon after the late supper that the ladies indulged in.

Shares Must be Taxed.

Attorney General Moloney yesterday rendered an opinion that the statutes impose the burden of taxation upon the shares of stock in homestead and loan associations upon the shareholders, but in determining the value of the shares such real estate as the association may own should first be deducted. Stock is assessable by the local assessor of the county in which the shareholder resides. Shares of stock owned by persons who reside outside of a state are assessable by the local assessor at the principal place of business of the association.

There is no way under the law to compel the secretary of an association to disclose to the assessor the names of stockholders and the amount of stock held by them. If a man has real estate worth $2,000, has borrowed $1,000 from an association, and holds $1,000 as stock in the association, he should be assessed on both his real estate and stock.

Another Good Thing.

And again the friendly newspaper comes to the rescue of the unsuspecting man who has money. Another swindle is laid bare. As the story goes the plan is something like this: A man comes along with a $10 bill and gets it changed at a business house. A few hours later two men call and ask the proprietor if he has seen a certain man, giving the description. The merchant replies that he changed a $10 bill for a man answering that description a few hours before. The merchant is then informed that the fellow for whom he changed the bill is wanted for pushing the queer. The two strangers claim to be detectives and ask to see the bill. They pronounce it counterfeit and worthless. The merchant kindly lets them take it to serve as evidence against the swindler when he is captured and takes a receipt for it. The bill is good, and the men go on pursuing the first villain.—*Ex.*

James Held to Answer.

RAMSEY, Ill., May 15.—Barney Hanley buried $490 for safekeeping. His boy, Hugh, knew of it, and revealed its hiding place to his comrade, Homer James. The boys took a trip. James returned first, and Hanley a few days later. Hanley accused James of taking the money, and James left again. A warrant was issued for his arrest, and he was apprehended at Decatur, brought here and examined to-day, the justice holding him in a bond of $500.

Busy people have no time, and sensible people have no inclination to use a slow remedy. One Minute Cough Cure acts promptly and gives permanent results. Battles & Eichinger.

A BOTTLE of communion wine exploded in the Evangelical church at Reddick last Sunday and bespattered books, pews, organ, pulpit and clothing of worshipers.

THE Havana city council is preparing for the erection of a new city hall.

ILLINOIS SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Election of Officers for the Ensuing Year by the State Convention—Gorin Chosen.

ELGIN, ILL., May 16.—The county workers' conference of the state Sunday school convention was attended by 1,000 and was led by W. C. Pearce. The report of Treasurer R. W. Hare showed contributions last year from ninety counties and individuals of $8,673, other receipts making the total $9,240. The work of 1895 and 1896 was considered by B. F. Jacobs. The pledges for the coming year amounted to $7,397 and personal pledges $800. Cook county gave $2,200 and many counties $100 or over.

The officers of the association elected this afternoon were: W. B. Jacobs, general secretary; Miss Mary I. Bragg, of Chicago, assistant secretary; Mrs. Edith Burnham, of Wheaton, recording secretary; R. W. Hare, of Chicago, treasurer; B. F. Jacobs, Chicago; J. R. Gorin, Decatur; H. T. Lay, Kewanee; J. W. Hart, Rockford; Henry Augustine, Normal; R. C. Willis, Toledo; R. W. Hare, Chicago; Knox P. Taylor, Normal; R. H. Griffith, Rushville; G. W. Barnett, Chicago; D. B. Parkinson, Carbondale; Frank Wilcox, Champaign; W. S. Rearick, Ashland; T. M. Eckley, McLeansboro, and H. W. Read, Galesburg, executive committee.

The Rev. Palmer S. Hulbert, D. D., of Oak Park, spoke to-night on "The Teacher and the Book," and Prof. H. M. Hamill, of Chicago, on "The Front Line." B. F. Jacobs, at the First Methodist Episcopal church, addressed the children.

Teachers' Examinations.

Teachers' examination will be held June 1st and June 8th at the county superintendent's office, at which time applicants will be given an opportunity to write for either first or second grade certificates. The common branches will be given on the 1st and the higher on the 8th. The next regular examination will be during the Institute, which begins August 19, following immediately upon the summer review school and continuing one week only.

Examinations for the honorary scholarship in the University of Illinois will be held June 14th and 15th at the office of the county superintendent of schools. The scholarship is awarded to the person making the highest rank, providing that no grade falls below 75 per cent. on a basis of 100. The scholarship exempts the holder from tuition fees or incidental expenses while completing a course in the U. of I.

The subjects for examination are as follows:

Algebra to and including quadratic equations, geometry plane and solid, physiology, natural philosophy, botany, English rhetoric and composition.

In 1895 essays will be required upon subjects drawn from Shakespeare's Henry V, Scott's Ivenhoe, McCauley's Essay on Clive, Hawthorne's House of Seven Gables, or Longfellow's Tales of a Wayside Inn, or one year's work in French and German will be accepted instead of the English literature described. Persons expecting to take this examination will please notify the superintendent at once.

Questions for examination in the Illinois Teachers' Reading Circle work have been received, and if there are any teachers who have read the two books of the circle that want to take the examination for a certificate or diploma please notify the superintendent and a time will be set for the examination.

Cynical.

She—I see by the statistics that the fatalities among males equals seven in every thousand per annum.

He—Including marriage?—Brooklyn Life.

The Place for Repentance.

Mrs. Cusom—So they married in haste, did they?

Mrs. Cawker—Yes; and now they are repenting in Sioux Falls.—Life.

IRRITATING ALL AROUND.

Near-Sighted Sportsman—Now isn't that irritating! Shot my last cartridge away, and it isn't a rabbit, after all!—Once a Week.

Anthropological.

Professor—Look at this skull, gentlemen; now tell me, to what human being did this belong?

Smart Student—To a corpse, sir.—Truth.

How He Knew.

"How did you discover she was a woman masquerading as a man?"

"She sent me a letter with two postscripts."—Yankee Blade.

Probably Not.

Ethel Knox—George says he couldn't live without me.

Knox—I doubt if either of you could live without me.—N. Y. World.

The Proper Revenge.

I'm not cruel, nor to wrath am I overly quick;
But a woman or child I could throttle
And my very best friend I could kick when I stick
My paste-brush into the ink-bottle.
—Judge.

POLICEMAN DOOGY, of Springfield, has been acquitted of the charge of drunkenness brought by two aldermen. The latter have not yet had their trial.

PROF. E. E. REARDON, at one time a teacher in Tazewell county, is now at the head of the government school of Indians in Iowa.

THE Illinois National Guards are to be decked in new uniforms by July 1.

Shirt Waist Sets,

38 Cents Per Set.

Shirt Waist Sets,

All Prices.

Shirt Waist Sets & Belts,

In Sterling Silver.

Shirt Waist Sets,

In Pearl, Black or White Enamel, Sterling Silver, Gold Plated and Solid Gold.

Real Shell Side Combs,

Mounted with Sterling Silver, 50c a pair for a few days.

New Waldemar Vest Chains

For Gentlemen, to be had

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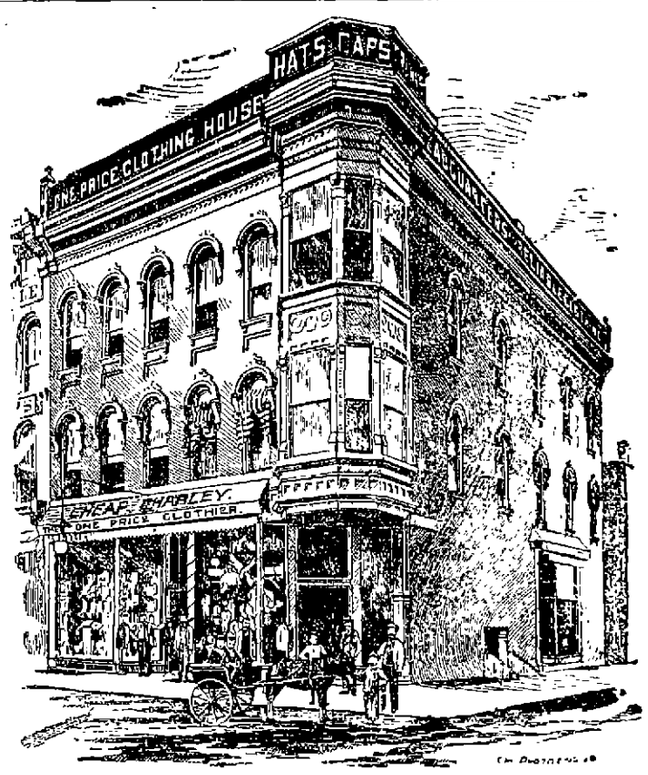


Now is the Time

To Get a

Spring Suit.

CHEAP CHARLEY.

Silver or Gold.

I will accept either for Repairing your Buggies, Wagons and Farm Tools of all kinds, also do Machinery Repairing, Engines, Boilers, Mowing and Reaping Machines, Lawn Mowers, etc. I keep in stock sickle sections for all machines in general use. I can furnish any kind of sickle for any machine.

When in the city come and see me. I am located two blocks northwest of the depot.

A. MENECKE,

708 NORTH BROADWAY.

Weekly Republican.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

THURSDAY, MAY 23, 1895.

IT may be proper about now to inquire where do the flies go in summer?

THE president is evidently of the opinion that the Monroe doctrine is in "innocuous desuetude."

IT is thought that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue will refund the money collected under the income tax act. About $80,000 had been collected before the act was declared unconstitutional.

THE lower house of the Prussian diet yesterday by a vote of 157 to 92 adopted a resolution urging the government to take steps in favor of an international settlement with the view of securing international bimetallism.

HERE is a fact that everybody who is inclined to believe that a cheap dollar would be a great benefit to them should remember: Speculators and schemers and capitalists can live, no matter what kind of money is in circulation, but the honest man wants an honest dollar, and the poor man and the workingman must have it to get along.

DO NOT permit yourself to be misled by the notion that during the period of cheap money, from 1862 to 1867, the country was the most prosperous. During that period a day's labor would not purchase as much as a day's labor purchased in 1890, and a great deal less than it purchased in 1892, or does now. Don't forget that during most of that period over two million men were in the army; they were not crowding the labor market as men now are; they were destroying and consuming and were producing nothing. They created a market and furnished nothing to compete in that market.

THE legislature has passed a bill providing for the treatment of drunkards at public expense. At first sight this may seem to be sentimental and out of harmony with fairness. But there is a side to it which argues that the bill is highly proper. The army of common drunkards is a great public calamity and is also a public expense. A large per cent of paupers who are kept at public expense and in many cases their families also come from the ranks of common drunkards and the chances are that the people of the state would save a large amount of money by treating drunkards at public expense providing they could be cured and made self supporting.

THE government statistics show that we are now buying from foreign countries $6,700,000 worth of glass a year. This is the effect of the Wilson tariff act. Prior to the enactment of this free trade measure every dollar's worth of glass upon which this estimate was made was manufactured in American factories by American labor. This is 16 per cent. of the total value of the product of our glass works in 1890 when it was a little over $41,000,000. This means that 7,000 of the 46,000 men employed in the manufacture of this product have become idle, and that 47 of our 294 factories have been closed. It means a loss of $3,000,000 in wages each year, with all that it implies in the consuming power of those people when at work. The foreigner in the foreign glass works has the American workman's job.

LONG service has proven the superiority of Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

Profitless Silver Debate.

Chicago *Evening Journal*: Last night's debate at the Illinois Club between "Coin" Harvey and Professor Laughlin was, no doubt, a first rate entertainment. But was it of any practical value? Did it advance the cause of truth, or even clear up a single doubt in the mind of any one present? We trow not.

Discussion of this sort is as profitless as "talking religion" when one of the talkers is an atheist and the other an orthodox believer. Both believe at the end just as they believed in the beginning, because neither for a moment has come within touching distance of the other's ground. The two debaters at the Illinois Club might as well have carried on a long-distance sparring match in two separate balloons.

Throughout the clever but shallow talk Mr. Harvey never for a moment ceased to stand upon the economic lie that money is value that increasing the number of dollars, no matter what they are made of, increases the wealth of the country. Professor Laughlin founded his whole argument upon the economic truth that money is merely a measure of value, and that there can be but one such measure in a given transaction, no matter how many kinds of money, or how much, there may be in existence. Neither for a moment stood upon the other's ground, or upon any common ground.

All debate that is worth the wind it costs must begin on some common ground and lead out from that by closely-welded links of reasoning. What is the use of a chain that begins nowhere and ends nowhere, and that never comes within a stone's throw of the other disputant's chair. It may do to clank in the ears of people who are pleased with a rattle or tickled with a straw, but it certainly will not anchor any drifting soul to truth or bind anybody's confused thoughts into an orderly bundle of sound convictions.

Before we have any more silver debates let us decide which of these fundamental grounds is truth and which is lie. If Mr. Harvey is right if money is value then let us coin all the dollars we can let us coin all the gold, silver, copper, tin, aluminum and iron in the world into dollars and we will have wealth enough to make every human being a millionaire. But if this fundamental ground upon which the silverite founds every argument is a lie, let us acknowledge and despise it as such, and have an end of wearying and wearisome long-distance air pounding.

The Income Tax.

The income tax has been declared unconstitutional and is thus ended forever, perhaps. It is well that it is so, for there is so much in the principle and so much in the form of the late law that is objectionable that there will be few outside of the ranks of the Populists who will shed tears over its complete overthrow. It is a tax that leading political economists in other nations deplore, and only excuse on the grounds of necessity. In this country there is no necessity for such a tax. The money necessary to defray the expenses of government was raised since shortly after the war without an income tax. During the war it was a necessity. Since it was abandoned there have been times when it was proclaimed that there was too much money in the treasury; that the surplus should be in the pockets of the people, and so on, and on. This cry led to a demand for the revision of the tariff, and finally resulted in the revision known as the McKinley law. Under its provisions not so much money by several million dollars annually was collected at our customs houses, and no surplus was accruing. Then came the Democratic party into power with its tariff for revenue only policy as opposed to protection. It was afraid to tax sugar and coffee and tea and such products as we do not produce, but which clearly should be taxed in accordance with that theory of tariff, and partly to curry favor with the Populists, and mostly as a source of revenue, which the tariff feature of their bill would surely produce, enacted the income tax law.

The income tax provision of the Wilson bill provided for exempting incomes of $4,000 a year and less, and this amounted to a tax on genius and the fellow who makes business go and employs labor. For example, the capitalist who has $80,000 to loan at 5 per cent. would be exempt upon his income had he loaned it at that rate of interest, but the business man who borrowed it and with it employed labor, and produced an income above $4,000 a year would be taxed. This made the income tax exceedingly obnoxious, and for this and other reasons no one will seriously regret the action of the Supreme court.

The tariff-for-revenue-only bill will now not yield sufficient revenue to meet the expenses of government and great deficiencies will follow. The result will be that the next congress will be compelled to amend the Wilson bill so that it will produce enough revenue. Neither congress nor the president can escape the demands of this condition.

JUST the thing for Spring and Winter mornings, delicious griddle cakes prepared with Dr. Price's Baking Powder.

Secretary Carlisle on Silver.

The address of Secretary Carlisle at Covington, Ky., on the currency question was a very able argument in favor of honest money, and very completely answered many of the fallacies of the free silver coinage people. The following extract shows why the present silver dollar buys as much as a gold dollar, and why it would only buy half as much under free coinage of silver:

There was never in our whole history one-third as much legal tender silver in use in the United States at one time as there is now, and it is used without depriving us of all our gold, which was never done before. Silver is not demonetized in this country, but its coinage has been so limited and regulated by law and the financial affairs of the government have been so conducted that up to the present time its purchasing power has been preserved and its circulation to a large amount has been maintained concurrently with other forms of money, notwithstanding it has been coined at a ratio which does not conform to the real value of the metal contained in it. I repeat that silver is not demonetized, and the question presented to us by the agitation now going on is not whether it shall be demonetized in the future, but whether the mints of the United States shall be thrown open to all the silver in the world that any individual or corporation may desire to have coined, free of charge, into legal tender dollars that is, legal tender in the United States only—at the ratio of 16 to 1. In order to discuss this subject intelligently we must understand distinctly what is proposed by our opponents, and fortunately there is no difficulty upon this point.

Free and unlimited coinage of full legal-tender silver dollars at the ratio of 16 to 1 means that our law shall be so changed that any owner of silver bullion may send it to the mints and have it coined, at the public expense, into dollars, each containing 412½ grains of standard silver, the dollars when coined to be delivered to the owner of the bullion, and all the people of the United States to be compelled by law to receive them as dollars in the payment of debts, although not intrinsically worth more than 50 cents each. The 25 8-10 grains of standard gold contained in a gold dollar is worth 100 cents, or the equivalent of 100 cents, all over the world, in silver-standard countries as well as in gold-standard countries, and it is worth just as much before it is coined as afterwards; but the 412½ grains of standard silver contained in a silver dollar are not worth anywhere in the world more than about 50 cents. Or, to put the statement in a different form, 16 pounds of silver cannot be exchanged for 1 pound of gold anywhere in the world, but it requires about thirty-two pounds of silver to procure one pound of gold everywhere. But some one may say that this is not a fair statement, because it measures the value of silver by gold. The answer to this objection is that the statement does not attempt to measure the value of either of the metals, but simply to compare them, one with the other, and that for the purpose of making the comparison the value of gold is determined by its purchasing power in the markets of the world, and the value of silver is determined in the same way. Sixteen pounds of silver bullion will purchase only about one-half the quantity of commodities anywhere that one pound of gold bullion will purchase, and this purchasing power is the true test of their actual and relative values. In the United States sixteen pounds of silver, coined into dollars, will now purchase as much as one pound of gold coins, but this would not be the case under a system of free and unlimited coinage on individual account.

The coinage of silver dollars here has been limited by law for the purpose of preventing an excessive issue, and they have been coined by the government on its own account and paid out for public purposes as dollars of full value, and consequently the government is bound by every consideration of good faith, to say nothing of the positive declarations contained in the statutes, to keep them as good as gold, or, in other words, to maintain the parity of the two metals; and this it has done and will continue to do as long as the present system exists. But, if the present system is to be abolished and a new one established, so that private individuals and corporations can have their own bullion coined at the public expense and have the coins delivered to them for their private use the government would be under no obligation whatever, legal or equitable, to keep them as good as gold, and in fact, it would be impossible for it to do so, because the coinage would be unlimited and the volume of silver in circulation would become so great in proportion to the gold the government could procure that the attempt would necessarily fail. The most extreme advocates of free coinage have not yet ventured to suggest that the government would be under any obligation to guarantee or maintain the value of silver dollars coined without charge for private parties, and without such guarantee it is clear the dollar would be worth no more than the commercial value of the bullion contained in it, just as the Mexican dollar is now. I admit that if the United States could coin without charge to the owners all the silver in the world available for coinage purposes, 412½ grains of standard silver, in bullion, would be worth as much in this country as a silver dollar; but the real question is, what would the silver dollar itself be worth?

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20, 1895.

Circumstances unimportant in themselves have brought Republican Presidential possibilities very much to the front in Washington during the past few days. Ex-Speaker Reed was in Washington for a few hours last week, and although his visit was to see a sick friend—Representative Hitt, of Illinois—it started Presidential gossip, as he is generally recognized as one of the leading candidates for the Republican nomination. General Harrison's visit to New York has also furnished food for gossip. Col. Michener, of Indiana, a close friend of General Harrison's, who has a law office in Washington, says of that visit: "General Harrison has been to New Jersey to receive a medal from the Historical Society of that state, and is now in New York to sit for a portrait which is to be hung in the White House. That is his real business in New York, although he may also attend to some law business." When asked bluntly whether General Harrison was a candidate for the nomination Col. Michener replied: "He says he is not," and changed the subject.

Ex-Senator Warner Miller, of New York, at present in Washington, says on the subject of the next Republican nominee: "I don't think there has been any effort to get together on the part of the leading men of the party to come to an understanding. It would be much better to let the leading men go to the convention and have the question of a nominee decided there. Any attempt at ringing in any one in advance will fail, as it ought to fail. It would not be wise for any one to attempt such a thing, and I don't believe the attempt will be made. Leaders will not do it, and if others attempt to do so they will not succeed." Speaking of the general outlook, Mr. Miller said: "Everything points to Republican victory. The Democratic party has disappointed the people, showing an incapacity for government. The Democracy is not progressive. It is composed of obstructionists."

The mails of the department of justice are so full of letters of complaint from United States court officials, who find it difficult to understand why their salaries are not paid. This is only another illustration of Democratic ideas of economy. When the Democratic congress cut $156,000 from the amount estimated to be needed to pay the expenses of the department of justice, which pays all United States court officials and witness fees and other expenses of the United States courts, for the current fiscal year, the seven by nine statesmen chuckled and called themselves reformers. Now as a consequence deputy marshals, bailiffs and other necessary employes of the courts cannot get their salaries and the families of some of them are reported to be in distress, and when the next congress meets it will have to make a deficiency appropriation to pay them. Meanwhile these people will have to work without getting their salaries, until the first of August, when they will receive their July salaries out of the appropriation for the next fiscal year.

Ex-Senator Higgins, of Delaware, is in Washington. He says he has not the slightest doubt about the seating of his Republican successor, Senator-elect Dupont; that he has received the opinions of a number of the leading constitutional lawyers and they all agree that the speaker of the Delaware senate ceased to have the right to act as speaker when he became the governor of the state.

Members of the administration will not talk about the Supreme Court's decision in the income tax cases, but it is easy enough to guess how they feel about it; there is no occasion for them to express themselves.

ONE spoonful of Dr. Price's Baking Powder will go farther and give better results than two spoonfuls of any other brand.

THE fact that the most noted silver boomers are stumping Colorado looks as if somebody thought that state needed their services. If Colorado is uncertain then, indeed, is the free silver campaign a great fraud which those nearest the fountain head are familiar with, and for that reason are reluctant to support or else they realize that the free coinage of silver would be a bad thing for the county and will refuse to support it unless dragooned into it by free silver campaigners.

THE Salt Creek bridge between Mason and Menard counties is to be completed by May 30. It has an iron span of 120 feet.

THE war against those who handle "chips that pass in the night" is progressing merrily at Paris.

SIGHTED.

[SPECIAL TO THE REPUBLICAN.]

CHICAGO, May 22.—The missing steamer, La Gascogne, four days over-due, was sighted off New York this morning moving slowly.

[This is is the same steamer that got lost some months ago.]

WHERE IS ARMOUR?

[Special to Republican.]

CHICAGO, Ill., May 22.—Wheat went to 77. It is intimated that Armour has been largely "left" in the recent bulge.

WHY RELAMPAGO WON.

Jockeys Put Up a Job to Help Out an Unfortunate Comrade.

Col. Jack Chinn, the Kentucky horseman who took his Derby favorite, Lisak, to Churchill Downs the other day, was one of the stewards at the 'Frisco meeting. He saw a steeplechase that was as full of fraud as a cucumber is of seeds, and so did his associates, Mr. Trevathan and Mr. Rowe, but no one would attempt to chide either of the trio for glancing over the park landscape and failing to exert their judicial prerogative. The colonel, when approached for his story of the race, refers all questioners to his stable-boy. The latter tells it this wise:

"You see, we all was outen 'Frisco with Col. Jack's string, an' course we got acquainted with all the boys. Bob

"WHO PAID YOU BOYS FOR THIS PULL?"

Kinnie, a fine little boy what rode toh support his two young sisters, done got killed. We all 'spired to give a benefit for Kinnie, an' fixed it to let Relampago, a 40 to 1 shot, win an' cash in from the bookmakers' boxes. Golly! two of the boys had to fall offen their mounts to put the good thing through. We didn't none of us toch a penny of the money we winned fer Kinnie's benefit. You see, Bob wasn't dead then, but—well, he weighed in later on."

The less impressionable end of the story is that the stewards suspected a job when they saw Clancy and Flynn, who were riding Three Forks and The Lark, fall off their horses and Relampago win. At Col. Chinn's suggestion one of the smallest riders in the race was called to the stand to be "bulldozed." "Now, boy, before we rule you off for life," said Chinn in thundering tones, "who paid you boys for this pull?"

"Nobody, sir. It was Kinnie's benefit. We had a meeting down in Royal Flush's stall an' agreed to chip in and make a stake to send Bob home and give some money to his poor mother. We was all game to stand in. Couldn't leave Bob at the post."

Some one coughed.

"We didn't have enough, so we decided to take a crimp in the books. This here 'Pago couldn't beat a street car, but he'd be 'bout 40 to 1, so we picked him. I says to Clancy and Flynn, says I: 'We can't get near you fellows on the favorites and you'll have to pull, so you'll got set down for life.' 'We can fall off,' says Flynn. 'You'll break your necks,' says I. 'All right, I don't care, so as we win Kinnie out,' says Flynn. So we agreed to give 'Pago a clear track, an' on the run in to bump about, swerve an' all that."

"We will have to rule them all off," said Mr. Trevathan, solemnly.

"Don't do it, judges. I never rode crooked before. The committee put a lot on 'Pago an' the tickets is in Flush's feed box. Don't rule us off. I'm a long ways from home an' I have a mother myself. Mebbe you jedges has mothers, too. Let it go as it lays, mister."

"It's a singular thing," replied James Rowe, "how difficult it is to absolutely prove that a race has been fixed, even when the presumption is very strong, and—er—I think, perhaps, gentlemen, it had better go as it lays, eh?"

RESPONDS efficiently to every demand of skillful cookery—Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

As to the Body.

New York Observer (Presbyterian): Why should any one, and especially the Christian, care what becomes of the mere clothing which the soul wears in this life? All creeds, save the Mohammedan, accept the Pauline belief that only the spirit will enter the other world, that the "body that shall be" will be wholly different from and impossible of identification with the body that now is. "It is sown a natural body, it is raised a spiritual body." To believe that the frame, worn out with disease, with impaired senses, or minus a hand or a foot, shall survive the resurrection, is to believe that death, not God, is supreme. Our lord distinctly declares that our life in heaven shall be that of the angels, and to reach that happy state there must be the transformation of the natural into the spiritual body of which Paul spake. That the atoms of our fleshly bodies shall be collected in our resurrection body is as unnecessary for our happiness or identity as it is unreasonable from what we know of physical law and what we understand by personality. The atoms of our bodies are constantly changing here, yet we do not lose our identity, and there is no reason why we should lose in the change from mortality to immortality.

IT is a fortunate day for a man when he first discovers the value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood-purifier. With this medicine, he knows he has found a remedy upon which he may rely, and that his life-long malady is at last conquered. Has cured others, will cure you.

A WORLD OF BARGAINS

AT

LINN & SCRUGGS

DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

SELLING GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Busy every day. Come early and avoid the great rush in the afternoon.

Ladies' Silk Mitts, extra fine quality at 23c per pair.
Ladies' Summer Corsets, 44c.
Ladies' Summer Union Suits, 19c.
Ladies' Vests, taped arm and neck, 10c.
Ladies' Fast Black Seamless Hose, 11c per pair.
White Silk Parasols, $1.29.

Misses' and Children's all wool Habit Cloth Suits, Eaton & Blazer Jacket to match. Skirt and Jacket, No. 1 style, $3.98. No. 2 style, $4.49 per suit. You cannot buy the material for the price. Just received from New York.

Printed India Linen, sheer and fine, fast colors, special price, 10c per yard.
Printed Egyptian Dimities, 50 styles, special price. 10c per yard.
Soft finish Japaline; dark and light grounds, special price, 10c per yard.
White Checked Linens, beautiful quality, pretty effects. 8½c per yard.

75 pieces figured China Silks. This is a good chance; price was much higher, our price for this sale 19c per yard.

You never saw Laces so cheap. We are almost giving them away. 300 pieces in black white and cream, at 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10c per yard.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, 25c.

In our Hat department another big shipment of manufacturers' samples. We have them divided in different lots. 225 Children's India Leghorn Hats, cream only, at 19c.

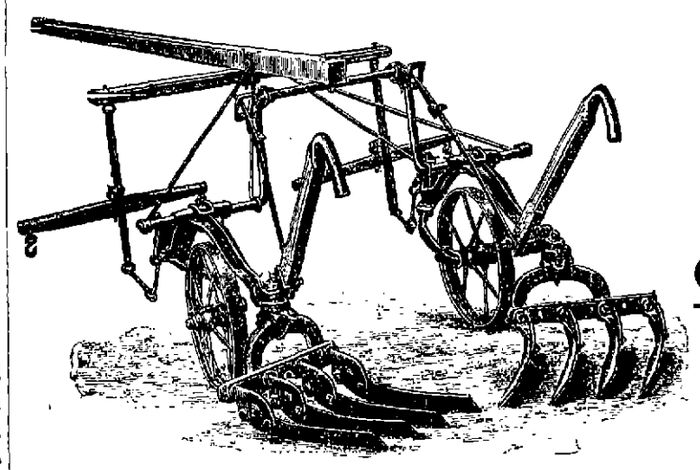
75 Misses' Trimmed Sailor Hats worth 30c, this sale price only will be 14c.

175 Boys' and Girl's Canvass Caps, for bicycle and tennis, best summer cap made, sale price 15c.

Ladies' black Braided Straw Hats, good quality, big bargains, 19c.

100 dozen Velvet Flowers, greatest bargain ever shown at 15c a bunch. Do not fail to visit our Hat department.

2,000 pairs Lace Curtains in all this season's patterns. A No. 1 quality, worth $3.50 per pair, price for this sale, $1.69 per pair.



GEE WHIZZ

SURFACE

CULTIVATOR.

Has Gopher and Shovel Attachments.

SEE IT! YOU LIKE IT! YOU BUY IT! YOU NEVER REGRET IT!

DECATUR, Ill., March 15, 1895.
F. B. Tait & Co., Gentlemen:—I bought two of your "Gee Whizz" Surface Cultivators last season and cultivated 90 acres of corn with same and I am well pleased with the work they do and especially with their light draft and ease in handling.
FRANK S. CHAYCRAFT.

BURROWSVILLE, Piatt Co., Ill., Jan. 26, 1894.
On June 24, 1893, I bought two of the "Gee Whizz" Surface Cultivators made by F. B. Tait & Co., of Decatur, Ill., and plowed my corn the third time with it, and think it paid me well. But the grandest advantage is raising corn without ruts with this surface cultivator. I had 15 acres of corn that I plowed only with "Gee Whizz" cultivator which was planted on the 15th day of June. I plowed it the first time on June 24th, and the second time do not remember, but third plowing was finished July 22d. There was not enough rain from the time this corn came up until it matured (first week in September) to wet a man in his shirt sleeves, and the yield was 40 bushels to the acre of very good quality.
T. M. LATCH.

BURROWSVILLE, Ill., Jan. 17, 1894.
F. B. TAIT & CO., Decatur, Ill.: Gentlemen—I have used surface cultivators for five seasons. I can raise from 5 to 15 bushels more corn per acre with them than with the old shovel cultivators. I have used the Sandwich attachment, the Tower, and last year the "Gee Whizz," and I like it the best, first, because of its ease in handling. Second, because of its lightness of draft. Third, because of its freedom from weight on horses' necks. It is the easiest handled of any cultivator I ever used. The caster wheels are of great advantage in turning. I can plow on an average two acres more per day, and can begin with the corn smaller than when using shovels. I will want two more this spring. Very truly, J. E. MCFARLAND.

ILLIOPOLIS, Ill., Feb. 26, 1894.
F. B. TAIT & CO., Decatur, Ill.: Gentlemen—We consider the "Gee Whizz" Cultivator the very best tool made in the way of a surface cultivator. Respectfully, H. B. HESSER & CO.

DECATUR, Ill., Feb. 15, 1894.
F. B. TAIT & CO., Decatur, Ill.: Gentlemen—I have used Surface Cultivators on my farm for five or six years. I will not rent to any person who will not use them. The last season two of my tenants had a difference of ten bushels in favor of surface cultivators. I like your cultivator best of all I have used.
Very truly, J. S. BICKNELL.

Come and See the "Gee Whizz," at

F. B. TAIT & CO.,

328 EAST CERRO GORDO STREET, DECATUR, ILLINOS.

ONLY A FEW DAYS MORE

Special Clock Bargains.
Lower Prices on Watches.

Cut Prices on Everything in Our Stock until our REMOVAL to Water Street.

W. R. Abbott & Co.

PILLSBURY'S BEST FLOUR

THE

Workingman's STAFF OF LIFE.

Pillsbury's Divide Their Profits with their workingmen.

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCERS.

HORACE CLARK & SONS CO., Genl. Agts.
PEORIA, ILL.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.
CHAS. LAUX, Proprietor.
South Side Lincoln Square, Decatur, Ill.

GRUB worms are reported so thick north of Lincoln as to endanger the corn.

BERLINER PATENT OBTAINS.

The Bell Company Given a Monopoly of the Telephone Business.

BOSTON, MASS., May 18.—The United States circuit court of appeals, Justices Colt, Putnam and Nelson, sitting in the case of the American Bell Telephone Company et al., appellant, vs. the United States of America, appellee, this afternoon sent down this order:

"The decision of the circuit court is reversed, and the case is remanded to that court, with directions to dismiss the bill. Ordered that the appellee have leave to file their motion, as to the form of judgment now on the clerk's list, and also brief in support of the same, on or before the 25th inst., the appellants to reply in brief on or before the 31st inst."

The opinion giving the reasons for the decision has not yet taken shape. It will have to be written out. This is a decisive victory for the Bell company. Judge Carpenter, on December 18, 1894, decided that the Berliner patent was invalid, and ordered it to be delivered up for cancellation. The company appealed, and now the result of the appeal is favorable to them. The Berliner patent is No. 463,569, and issued November 17, 1891. The inventor is Emile Berliner. The instrument covered by it is a device commonly known as a telephonic transmitter. In case the patent was to be held valid, the United States conceded that the Bell company would virtually have a monopoly of the microphone till 1908.

BRUTALITY AT PANA.

Chief of Police Boaton—Did Not Get Off at Decatur.

PANA, ILL., May 19.—About 7 o'clock last evening, while pleasure driving with his wife just outside of the city limits, east of the city, Chief of Police John Cowick was attacked by three intoxicated men, George Lickland and son and Ed Conner, his club taken from him, the chief thrown to the ground and kicked and beaten by the toughs. His coat was entirely torn from his body. He succeeded in capturing the trio, and took them to the city jail, where they were bound over in $200 bonds. Lisk and son gave bonds, and Conner is lodged in jail. It is charged that two companions of the trio, named John White and Joe Hill, met in the city during the afternoon and planned for a prize fight to take place on the ground where Chief of Police Cowick was assaulted. When driving by the chief noticed the disturbance, and giving the lines into his wife's hands, got out of the buggy to command the peace. It was then, it is alleged, that the drunken trio interfered and jumped on the Chief. The prize fighters have not been captured, they boarding the midnight north-bound Diamond special train on the Illinois Central railroad last night. Officers are on their track, and they will undoubtedly be brought to justice, charged with a penitentiary offense, the crime of prize fighting. Hill is a farmer living three miles east of town and is a coal miner.

It was believed that the men got off at Decatur, but if they did they cannot be found.

WHILE the new altar for the Catholic church at Minonk was being unloaded, the team ran away and the altar was badly damaged. It cost $1,000.

NOW that the Alton is about to build a new depot at Springfield, the Illinois Central say they will also build, and it is said will spend $15,000 to $20,000.

The Fair

Our Prices the Lowest.

New Goods Arriving Every Day--High Prices Knocked Out.

Iron Frame Wringers	$1.28
Hammocks worth 75c	48c
Hammocks worth 98c	68c
Hammocks worth $1.25	78c
Screen Wire in green or black, best goods made, per yard	12½c
Granite Tea Kettles worth $1.25,	98c
Granite Tea Kettles worth $1.65,	$1.15
Granite Pudding Pans worth 35c,	18c
Granite Wash Basins worth 45c,	25c
Granite lined iron Kettles, actual value and never sold for less than $1.00	48c
Granite Bucket, $1.25 kind	75c
Granite Iron Spittoons, $1 kind,	65c
Galvanized Buckets 18, 20,	28c
Mrs. Potts' Irons, 3 in set	85c
Extra heavy Wash Boiler	85c
Step Ladder	48c
What's the use of paying $3.50 to $4 for Washing Machines when you can get the best and only genuine Western Washer for	$2.98
500 Window Curtains, complete	15c
Curtain Poles all complete	18c
Filter Buckets, this week	25c
Chamber Pails	75c
Whitewash Brushes	25, 30c
Paint Brushes	5, 8, 10c
Coats' Spool Cotton 5c, our price	4c
Window Screen all ready to put in	25, 30, 35c
Churns from	90c
See our Crocks for	5 and 8c
Cooking Crocks	10, 13, 15c
Bean Pots, nothing better	

We have the agency for the Celebrated LU-MI-NUM BICYCLE, the lightest and strongest bicycle made, weight from 15 to 21 lbs. Also see our $45 wheel.

The Fair

--OF--

L. A. WEAVER & CO.,

159 East Main St.

THE EARTH SHIVERED

The Most Severe Seismic Disturbances

FELT IN ITALY FOR VERY MANY YEARS.

Three Thousand Houses Damaged in Florence, with Many Killed an Injured—Destruction Widespread, Many Cities Suffering.

FLORENCE, May 19.—The population of this city was thrown into a state of panic last night by a series of earthquakes that did much damage here and in other places. People who were in their houses when the first shock came ran terrorstricken into the street, and their wild cries were heard everywhere. The shocks were so violent that houses swayed like ships in a seaway, and in a number of cases roofs fell in, injuring many persons who had not sought safety in flight.

The wildest scenes were at the theaters where performances were going on as usual. The first shock caused those in the audiences to look wonderingly at each other. Then the earth swayed again and amid shouts of "earthquakes," the crowds made wild rushes for the exits. Mad with terror, no respect was shown for the women, weak or aged, and in the crush many were badly hurt. Upon reaching the streets the crowds from the theaters met those who had fled from their dwellings, and the excitement that ensued made confusion worse confounded.

At Grassina, a suburb of Florence, the shocks were very violent. The extent of the earth movement may be gained from the fact that a loaded omnibus was overturned. Twelve residents of Grassina were hurt.

A number of persons refused to reenter their houses during the night. They remained on the streets until after daylight this morning. Many of them took shelter in vehicles. After the first severe shocks they were felt at Lucca, Pontedura and generally throughout Tuscany. The center of the movement was at Florence, where, for many years, nothing similar has occurred. Around Florence a number of houses were destroyed, and four persons were killed. The Prince of Naples, the crown prince, started for Grassina at 4 o'clock this morning.

LATER.—As further reports of the earthquake come to hand the extent of the disaster widens. At Lappigna, a village near Grassina, no less than forty houses were thrown from their foundations and completely wrecked. A sad feature of the disaster at this place was the finding of the body of a young mother, with her infant clasped to her heart. She had evidently attempted to flee, but, together with her child, was crushed to death beneath the falling walls of her home.

Great damage was done in Florence. To-day an investigation was made by the municipal authorities, who estimated that 3,000 houses were damaged. The Cathedral (La Cattedrale di Santa Maria del Fiore), an imposing example of Italian Gothic architecture, and probably the most remarkable building of its kind in Europe, was somewhat damaged.

THE INTERSTATE DRILL.

Arrival of Lieut.-Gen. Schofield and His Staff—Reviewed the Troops.

MEMPHIS, TENN., May 20.—The feature of Saturday's exercises of the big interstate drill at Montgomery park was the arrival of Lieut.-Gen. Schofield and his staff. Escorted by Gen. Snowden and his staff, Gen. Schofield was driven to the parade ground at 5:30 in the evening. Deafening applause from over 10,000 throats greeted his appearance on the field and seventeen guns were fired in recognition of so important a personage.

The only competition for prizes at the drill grounds was between companies B and A, of the United confederate veterans, Hardee tactics. The Chickasaw guards, Neely zouaves and veteran Chickasaw guards, of this city, gave exhibition drills. Co. K, third United States cavalry, and battery B, of the Cincinnati artillery, also went through a part of the manual. Following the cavalry drill dress parade was held, after which Gen. Schofield reviewed the troops from his carriage. The crowd in attendance was conservatively estimated at 15,000 people.

DESERVED HIS FATE.

A Negro Drowned in Pea River by a Mob.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., May 20.—About a month ago Joyce Shivers and two other negro men enticed three young daughters of a white farmer away from home in Coffey county and detained them in the woods for a week. The girls finally made their way home again, but the rascals who led them off could not be found in spite of a diligent search being made for them. Saturday, however, it was learned that Shivers was in a certain house near Tabernacle, in that county, and a posse quietly organized, went there and secured him. He was taken to the Pea river, not far away. A rope with a sinker was tied around his neck, and he was thrown into the river and drowned. The other two have not been heard from.

More Satisfactory.

Guest.—Waiter, bring two boiled eggs.

Waiter.—Boss, couldn't you take dem eggs poached? Hit's been found mo' satisfactory all roun' to open dem aigs in de kitchen.—Judge.

Had Been There.

"Have you gone to any picnics this season?"

"How can you ask? Look at the grass-stains on my trousers."—Chicago Record.

Not an Egotist.

Hick—Snider says he hates a humbug.

Wicks—Well, there's nothing egotistical about Snider, is there?—Boston Transcript.

Different Variety.

Mrs. Hicks—If you were as polite as you might be, you would offer to button my shoes.

Hicks—No doubt; but I'm not that kind of a hairpin.—N. Y. World.

JAMES FREEMAN, of Mowenqua, has rhubarb stalks that are over three feet long from the ground to the leaf.

MRS. HOLMAN is building an $11,000 residence on Knoxville avenue, Peoria.

No Kick in Decatur.

In the Bloomington *Pantagraph* today appears a long article making a protest against the alleged kick made in a Decatur morning paper by a veteran who attended the G. A. R. encampment at Bloomington last week. The protest is in answer to the kick, and it would be a good one if the alleged facts stated were true. The *Pantagraph* says the Decatur G. A. R. insisted that Bloomington should feed the Modern Woodmen Band during its stay in that city, and that rather than not have the band Bloomington agreed to the alleged proposition. And the paper declared that the band was fed ($9.00 worth) at the expense of the Bloomington Post. Decatur veterans state that no such proposition was made to the Bloomington Post. It was not thought of for a moment. The Decatur Post did try to get the Illinois Central to haul the band free. The company refused to do that, but the said company did agree that if the band went along the company would feed the band at their expense. With that understanding the band was taken to Bloomington. The story in the *Pantagraph* is the first information that the Bloomington Post was to pay the band board bill. Possibly the I. C. road made a deal with the Post. City Clerk Hays, who was at the encampment, says the Decatur veterans were uniformly well treated at Bloomington and that none have good cause for making a kick.

Sales of Real Estate.

A. D. Risley to H. I. Baldwin and W. C. Miller, the north half of lot 17, block 1, May Bros. and Traver's addition to Decatur, on North Water street—$3,000.

M. L. Vaughan to J. Edward Borno, lot 13, block 5, Higgins' addition to Decatur, on Condit near Warren street—$3,095.

S. S. Jack and C. M. Allison to Harry H. Nicholson, lot 14, block 2, Oakland Place addition—$500.

John Chandler to Elkin Chandler, lot 12, block 5, John A. Brown's Summit Place addition—$2000.

Charles Keene to Mary Keene, quit claim to lot 11, block 2, Third Rolling Milling addition—$1.00.

B. L. Rosebraugh to Board of Education Decatur School District, lots 17 and 18, block 2, Brueck's addition—$2525.

Geo. A. Stadler to John T. Higginbotham, 65 feet off south side lot 3, B. L. Howenstine's addition—$5600.

Mary I. Wilson to Frank P. Roddy, tract 35x153 in block 7, Crowder & Cornthwait's addition of outlots, $1350.

Caroline M. Powers to Edward Marcolle, lot 7, block 3, Powers' 1st addition; $250.

William Montgomery to J. C. Lampkin, lots 6, 7, 8 and 9, block 3, Montgomery's addition to Blue Mound; $350.

John F. Weygandt to George Black 80 acres in 30, 15, 1 east—$7200.

A. R. Cretors to Charles E. Davis, lot 1, North Park addition—$2600.

James Dayton to Henry Shlaudeman, lot 10, block 7, Plant & Tuttle's addition—$1300.

List of Patents.

Granted to Illinois inventors this week. Reported by C. A. Snow & Co., solicitors of American and foreign patents, opposite U. S. Patent office, Washington, D. C:

E. H. Amot, Waukegan, apparatus for reproducing phonograms. J. C. Anderson, Highland Park, method of an apparatus for treatment and reduction of garbage. G. B. Barclay, Joliet, stove pipe. G. N. Buck, Mattoon, buckle. G. Chapman, Rockford, mowing-machine. J. V. Ericson, Aurora, convertible freight car. R. Faries, Decatur, boiler-flue cleaner. J. H. Gilman, Ottawa, cultivator. J. Good, Elgin, device for holding overshoes in place. J. E. Goodhue, St. Charles, lock. F. A. Hend, Rock Island, cultivator. S. E. Horning, Malvern, door-hanger. F. W. Hornish, Mattoon, boiler-cleaner skimmer. M. F. McNally, Sterling, Fence-wire. B. F. Ordway, Peoria, tongue-support. W. J. Plecker, Peoria, pipe-corrugating machine. C. Thompson, Oswego, car-wheel for electric cars, etc.

Chief Engineer of Peoria Division.

Another Pennsylvania man has been transferred to an official job on the Vandalia. Yesterday A. M. Underhill, assistant engineer of maintenance of way of the Chicago division of the Pennsylvania, was appointed chief engineer of the Peoria division of the Vandalia Line, with headquarters at Terre Haute. Mr. Underhill succeeds J. E. Starbuck, who has been transferred to the engineering department of the main line. A circular, giving official notice of the appointment will be issued in a day or two.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, ILL., May 22, 1895.

The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. Z. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondents in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis, for the following market quotations:

	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Wheat—				
May	73¾	—	—	76⅝
July	74⅝	77⅝	74½	77¾
September	75	77⅞	75	77⅞
Corn—				
April	—	—	—	—
May	53¾	—	—	53¾
July	54½	55	54⅛	54¾
September	55⅝	55⅞	55⅛	55⅞
Oats—				
July	29½	30	29⅝	29⅞
Pork—				
July	12.55	12.67½	12.60	12.72½
Sept	12.90	13.02½	12.87½	13.02½
Lard—				
July	6.80	6.80	6.77½	6.80
Ribs—				
May	6.35	6.37½	6.35	6.37½

July wheat—puts 71½c; calls 82c.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CAR LOTS.

Wheat—65. Estimated, 28; Year ago, 83.

Corn—448. Estimated, 600; a year ago, 223.

Oats—237. Estimated, 372; a year ago, 261.

ESTIMATES FOR TO-MORROW.

Wheat, 66; Corn, 575; Oats, 375.

Minneapolis received 141 cars of wheat and Duluth 37, a total of 178. Last year, 191.

Wheat opened about a cent higher this morning and the lowest point for the day was higher than yesterday's highest price. More than 3c advance over last night's close was made before the day was over, and most of it was held.

Corn opened ⅛c higher this morning and made a small advance.

Hog receipts 37,000; estimated, 37,000. Market 5c lower. For to-morrow, 36,000. Prices not reported.

Cattle receipts, 12,500. Market weak to 10c lower.

LONDON, 1 p. m.—Off coast, wheat quiet and steady; Corn quiet. On passage, wheat nominally unchanged. Corn quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, 1 p. m.—Wheat, spot firm; demand moderate; Corn, spot steady; futures quiet.

DECATUR STOCK MARKET.

The following are the ruling prices paid by local dealers for stock:

Cows and Heifers	3.00@4.00
Steers	4.00@4.50
Hogs	4.60
Calves	3.75@4.00
Sheep	3.00
Export Cattle	4.50@5.00

POULTRY MARKET.

Ruling prices for live poultry per pound: Hens, 5½c; hen turkey, 7½c; gobblers, 5c; tom turkey, 3c; ducks, 6c; geese, 5c; scalags, 2½; old roosters, 2c.

A CAPIAS ISSUED

For the Arrest of Mrs. Warren Springer and Her Bond Forfeited.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Mrs. Springer, wife of Warren Springer, the millionaire, who was indicted by the grand jury last October for attempted jury bribing in a condemnation suit in which her husband and the Metropolitan Elevated railroad were the principals, failed to appear when her case was called for trial in Judge Tuthill's court to-day. The court ordered the forfeiture of her $9,000 bond and issued a capias for her arrest.

A Big Advance in Leather.

NEWARK, N. J., May 22.—Fifteen of the leading leather manufacturers of this city, representing the largest owners of prepared leather in the United States, yesterday sent out letters to dealers in every section of the country notifying them of an advance of from 50 to 100 per cent. on cured stock. This action, the circular states, is made necessary because of the scarcity of green salted hides. A capital of $16,000,000 was represented at the manufacturers' meeting.

Jack Frost Completes the Work of Destruction.

DETROIT, Mich., May 22.—Reports from the western section of Michigan yesterday indicate that Monday night's freeze was the hardest of the present cold wave. The dispatches say that all fruit and vegetables which survived the previous frosts are now ruined completely.

The Gentry Trial Postponed.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—The case of James B. Gentry, the actor who shot and killed his fiance, Margaret W. Drysdale (Madge Yorke), the actress, in this city, on February 17, was called in the court of oyer and terminer yesterday. After some discussion Judge Thayer granted a postponement until the June term of court.

Struck Themselves Out of a Job.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 22.—The several hundred glass workers employed by Flaccus & Co. at their Tarentum glass works, who two weeks ago were organized and admitted to the Flint Glass Workers' union, struck yesterday morning for union wages. The glass works are closed.

Chinese Officers Recalled from Formosa.

LONDON, May 22.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a dispatch from Pekin stating that an imperial decree has been issued recalling from Formosa the governor and all of the other Chinese officials, civil and military.

WRANGLE AND ROAST

The Principal Characteristics of the Elks' Peace Conference.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 22.—The Elks held a long and exciting session yesterday forenoon. The peace conference organized with Judge Bartlett, of Omaha, as chairman, and at first the indications were that the session would be harmonious; but as the debate progressed it increased in bitterness, and as a promient delegate said afterward: "Nothing was done but wrangle and roast."

The sessions are held behind closed doors, and very little can be learned of what transpires.

A Chicago Drummer's Story.

A few years ago I was on a fishing trip up in northern Wisconsin, but the fish were not biting very well, so I threw myself down on the grass to rest. Pretty soon I noticed a large frog, sunning himself and catching flies. Out would dart his tongue, and he would land a fly every time. By and by another actor appeared on the scene, a common water snake. He was looking for a breakfast, and the frog, though a large one, seemed just the thing. The snake coiled himself, raised his head, swayed it back and forth, then slowly bringing it down, he grasped the hind legs of the frog and began to swallow the dainty morsel. The frog turned half around, and, seeing what was the matter, deliberately took the snake by the tail, and began to swallow it. Well, this was interesting. Slowly but surely they were eating each other. At last only the neck and head of each were left, and then the snake swallowed the frog. The frog at the same moment swallowed the snake, and both disappeared.

One of Life's Tragedies.

James Hobbs, a sturdy Scot who has been living near Lapeer, Mich., sent for his sweetheart recently after he had worked like a horse for several years to provide a little home for her. She arrived two hours after he had died from a fever.

Letter List.

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur, Ill., postoffice May 21, 1895. Please say advertised when called for:

GENTS' LIST.

Bowers Andrew	Hogan Wm
Bowen James	Hopkins H H
Brinding H C	Joos John
Bryant Geo M	Knight Edwin F
Campbell Samuel	Lybrand A
Carr L J	McGrath Owen C
Cary Chas W	Madison Charles
Clark I C	Mazer Fred
Cole C W	Mihill M W
Cord Chris	Morris P R
Crandall Thos C	Myer Archie
Dailey L N	Pearson Wm
Davis J M	Pierce Ed
Depp Clarence	Porter S S
Fittmont C P	Rice J
Fletcher Charles	Robertson Stephen
Gabriel John W	Rouse Claudia
Gaston William	Samuel Isaac
Gerdes G	Scott E W
Goodrich O E	Smith Milton
Hale Geo D	Smith George W
Heer Chas	Stewart A M
Hinshaw T D	Straus Phil
Williams J P	

LADIES' LIST.

Kepler A O	Mounds Julia
Lapon W A	Pierce Less
Leese J R	Spencer Nellie
Wylie Jennie z	

JERRY DONAHUE, P. M.

ONLY the most credulous housekeepers would use inferior baking Powders. Dr Price's does its work with speed and accuracy.

Casner.

Between the frost and the cut worms some feet as 8 corn is about finished.

The ordinance of baptism was administered to seven candidates Sunday at Cow Ford by Rev. A. M. Dauely.

Walter Hodge brought a new surrey home with him from Decatur Saturday.

Children's Day will be observed at all the churches in this community on the second Sunday in June.

W. A. Underwood and family drove to Cisco Saturday to visit Mrs. Underwood's mother, Mrs. Lyons.

County Clerk J. M. Dodd, wife and son spent Sunday with the family of Dr. W. T. Patterson, of this place.

Miss Stella Durning, of Mt. Zion, was with the family of Dr. M. V. Lonergan last week.

Mrs. C. S. Bollard, of Warrensburg, visited with her daughter, Mrs. J. E. Underwood, returning Monday.

Misses Bessie McDonald and Ada Baker are with the family of their uncle, Frank Muirhead, of Harristown, this week.

ED. CROMWELL, of Peoria, is a member of the Haswin Silver King company.

KILLED TWO BEARS.

How Jim Simms Became the Hero of the Ranch.

He Started Out to Help the Old Man, But Eventually Dispatched a Half-Grown Cub and Her Mother All by Himself.

Late one evening Bill Simms, says the American Field and Farm, saw a bear in a gulch just across the creek from the ranchhouse. A steer had died up there a few days before, and evidently the bear had discovered it. Feeling certain that the bear would be somewhere in the gulch the next morning he decided to try to get him. The best plan was to send the dogs in at the head of the gulch and wait for developments at the other end. Accordingly Jim Simms (Bill's son) was alloted the task of leading the dogs in a roundabout way to the head of the gulch and starting them down.

Early the next morning they set out. Jim wasn't much pleased with his share in the sport; it seemed to him as if he was going to get all the work and the old man all the fun. After Bill had stationed himself at the lower end of the gulch, Jim, leading the dogs, kept up on the ridge toward the upper end. From a certain point on the ridge it was possible to see the carcass of the steer in the gulch below, and Jim's only hope of getting a shot was the chance of finding the bear breakfasting on the carcass. Sure enough when he sighted the steer there was a half-grown cub eating it. The dogs had not seen the bear; so, leading them back out of sight, he tied them to a tree. There was plenty of cover between the bear and Jim, and it was comparatively easy to get down near enough to shoot. His first shot was too high; but the cub was badly scared, and catching sight of Jim scrambled up the nearest tree. Walking up Jim shot again, and this time he hit, but too far back to be instantly fatal. The bawling the cub set up could have been heard a mile off.

Jim was just about to work the lever of his rifle, preparatory to another shot, when there was a terrific crashing in the brush behind him, and out rushed a big cinnamon. With frantic haste he pushed the lever forward and tried to draw it back. But the cartridge was jammed. By that time the bear was within ten yards of him. With rare presence of mind—there being nothing else to do—he dropped the gun and made for the nearest tree. The

MADE FOR THE NEAREST TREE.

tree he chose was a redwood, too small for the bear to climb, but within two feet of it grew a large redwood, in which the cub had taken refuge, and of which the smaller tree was an offshoot. He reached the little tree, and, grasping one of the lower limbs, pulled himself up, the bear taking the heel from his boot before he could get out of reach. After walking around both trees for awhile, the bear seemed suddenly struck with an idea, for, rushing to the larger tree, she climbed up and tried to reach Jim, coming within a few inches of doing it, too.

The dogs, in the meantime, excited by the rifle shots and the noise made by the cub, had been struggling frantically to get loose, and now, having succeeded, came rushing down the hill. The bear, on the appearance of the dogs, gave up its attempt to reach Jim, and showed signs of uneasiness. Jim was correspondingly elated, and, trusting to the dogs to keep the bear where she was, descended and picked up the gun. The bear started to come down also, but when she came within reach of the dogs, she changed her mind and went up again. After a little trouble the rifle was put in working order, and when old man Simms appeared on the scene, ten minutes later, Jim was standing triumphantly over the dead bodies of the two bears.

Razors.

Lovely tan Oxfords, 2½ to 8, $1.50 A to E, at Powers Shoe Store. m22-d&w1w

CLINTON is witnessing a regular boom of residence building. New roofs are seen in all parts of town.

ROY LINN, of Mt. Auburn, aged 5 years, fell from a tree and had a leg broken.

GEORGE SCHMID, of Streator, will build the Catholic church at Odell for $7000.

OUR GREAT ALTERATION SALE.

Our landlord, Mr. Busher, is going to have a new and very handsome modern front put into our store the latter part of June, when we will have a general overhauling and refitting of the room, making it one of the finest in Central Illinois. In order to reduce the stock to the lowest possible point we will name lower prices on Dry Goods and Millinery than ever known in the history of the dry goods, millinery, hosiery and notion trade. Large lines of Silks and Dry Goods, full stock of choice Wash Goods, complete assortments of Staples and Fancies, and by all odds the most attractive stock of Millinery ever shown in the state outside of Chicago. All at prices that will make them go quick. We earnestly and cordially invite all to investigate. We mean business. You can't afford to miss this opportunity.

MISS ANNIE MCDONALD will make lower prices on all orders than ever known on strictly high-class Millinery.

The most searching investigation solicited. Respectfully,

S. G. HATCH & BRO.

151 East Main Street.

Ayer's PILLS Received Highest Awards AT THE World's Fair AS THE BEST Family PHYSIC

AYER'S PRIZE MEDAL AT WORLD'S FAIR PILLS

—CHAS. PATTON, of Esmen township, Livingston county, lost an eye by being kicked by a horse four weeks ago. He is in danger of losing the other eye.

T. SMOOT was thrown from his wagon while returning from a circus at Danville and run over by a following team. He had several ribs broken.

THE ordinance compelling saloons to remove all screens from doors and windows went into effect at Danville last Saturday.

THE charges against Policeman Blale Jones, of Lincoln, were laid on the table by a vote of 6 to 4.

PIERCE COLER, a former resident of Sadorus, is manager of a street railway system at Kansas City.

THE new Christian church at Fithian was dedicated last Sunday. It cost $1,500.

EXCURSION RATES

ON ALL RAILROADS INTO DECATUR.

One Fare for the Round Trip

During Meeting of German Baptist Association.

TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE SPECIAL RATES TO ATTEND THIS GREAT

Special Sale

OF

Footwear.

Beginning May 22 and continuing until June 15, we will make a Special Cut Price Sale of Seasonable Footwear. We are overloaded with Spring and Summer Shoes, and as the season has been a little backward we have made up our mind to unload them at prices that must sell them. We will quote no prices here, but ask you to take a look at the goods and hear the price to fully appreciate what we are doing in this sale. Our business is an old established one and the people know that when we say Cut Price Sale we mean Cut Price Sale. If you appreciate honest goods, honest treatment and honest prices don't fail to investigate this sale.

From June 3 to 18 inclusive we will give FREE a Lunch Ticket with every pair of shoes costing from $1.00 up. This ticket will entitle you to a good lunch.

Come in and see us and make this your headquarters when in the city. Leave your packages, etc., in our care and save carrying them around. Yours to serve,

WALTER HUTCHIN,

The People's Shoe Man.

117 NORTH WATER ST., DECATUR.

Drs. Appleman & Prettyman

Cure Sick Folks.

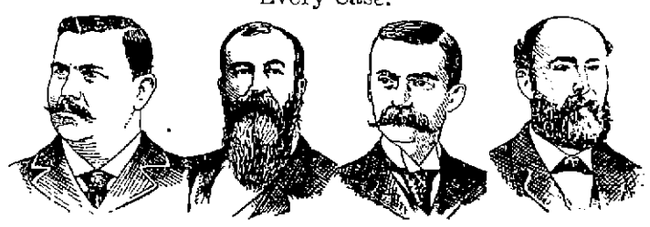
Their Work Entirely Satisfactory to All Whom They Have Treated.

NO DECEPTION--NO FALSE INDUCEMENTS,

But Careful and Conscientious Treatment—Best Professional Skill the Country Affords for all the Sick.

A Reasonable Price!

Medicines Carefully Prepared by Themselves Furnished in Every Case.



DRS. APPLEMAN & PRETTYMAN

Are no fake doctors. They do not advertise to do impossibilities nor throw out catch-penny inducements to delude the sick. They have already made fifteen monthly visits to Decatur and treated many people, not one of whom will say aught against them.

EVERYBODY PRAISES THEM.

DR. APPLEMAN

is the best known Specialist in his line in the state. He treats

DISEASES OF MEN ONLY.

The opportunity afforded weak, nervous, degenerated young, middle-aged or old men of getting well by seeing this noted doctor is worth considering. He thoroughly understands his business, and positively will not take a case unless he is sure of the results.

DR. PRETTYMAN

As an Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Chronic and Nervous Disease Specialist, stands pre-eminently at the head of the Specialists of the day. Catarrh, Lung, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Kidney and Bladder troubles of a curable nature disappear like magic under his valuable treatment.

DISEASES OF WOMEN

treated by new and improved methods. Prices within the reach of all.

REMEMBER!

All cases presented to these doctors are treated and cared for in the most approved ways. Faithful, conscientious and thoroughly scientific treatment.

No Charge for Consultation. No Charge for Examination.
No Charge for Diagnosis nor Advice.

But a Reasonable Charge for Medicines.

AT ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL, DECATUR,

Monday, June 3.

9 A. M. TO 8 P. M.

BRAND NEW LOT!

OF

Men's Fine Suits

JUST RECEIVED.

We can offer the very best values in Men's Fine Suits. All brand new, at a big saving from former early spring prices, in light and dark shades, cut and make the very best.

At $10

We can give twenty different styles of goods to select from in Scotch, Cheviots, Cassimeres, Worsteds and Home Spuns, all shades.

At $12

You can take choice of hundreds of fine Serges, Clay Weaves and Worsteds, in steel grey and light effects. Fine Cassimere.

At $15

Fine Pin Check, Hair Line Stripes and a neat pattern of Fine Worsteds, Fine Serges and Fine Cassimeres, the right kind--up to date stuff, at $15. A big assortment.

Ottenheimer & Co.

Reliable Clothes, Hats and Furnishings,

Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE.

ABEL

Carpet Wall Paper Co.

SPRING OPENING.

Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Linoleums, Window Shades,

Silk, Chenille and Derby Curtains.

Two Car Loads of New Goods this week Excellent Quality, New Designs, Rich Coloring and Prices Below anything ever known Call on us.

Abel Carpet Wall Paper Co.

Ground Floor, ARCADE BUILDING.

It Does Not Matter

What style of a Spring Shoe you may want, for we have all styles. It does not matter what size of Spring Shoe you want for we have all sizes. It does not matter what width of Spring Shoe you want for we have all widths.

We have never in all of our experience had such a stock of fine Spring Shoes as we now have. We have never had so good a variety, never so full an assortment, never such a complete new style stock of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. It don't matter what you want in the way of Spring Shoes. We have everything and we have everything at the right prices. We are certain to please you and all we ask is an inspection. If you see the goods we know that you will buy if you want shoes.

THE F. H. COLE SHOE CO.

B. F. BOBO, Manager.

USE GREEK NERVE PELLETS,

The Renowned Greek Remedy.

Sold with guarantee to cure Weak Memory Loss of Brain Power Lost Manhood Nightly Emissions Evil Dreams Lack of Confidence Nervousness Lassitude all drains and loss of power of the Generative Organs in either sex caused by over exertion, youthful errors or excessive use of tobacco opium or stimulants which so on lead to Infirmity Consumption and Insanity Put up convenient to carry in vest pocket Sent by mail in plain package to any address for $1 or 6 for $5 With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money GREEK NERVE REMEDY CO Lock Box 175 LOGANSPORT, IND.

For Sale by Battles & Eichinger

RAZOR GRINDING

A Delicate Operation That Requires Great Skill.

The grinding of razors is a science in itself It can't be done by one of the street grinders who run their tinkling emery wheels and grindstones through the streets because they are likely to take all of the temper out of the steel the moment they touch the razor to the emery An inexperienced workman may injure a valuable blade far more than he improves it. That is the reason why the Swedish razor grinder is so particular about his workshop—and a wonderful place it is The ceiling is full of slapping bands and spinning shafts, small in size and homemade and all about are the grindstones and polishing wheels, before each of which a man sits sharpening some kind of an instrument The grindstones all come from Germany and France—there are no really good ones quarried in this country—and for the hollow grinding of razors the edges are curved on the rims of circles varying in size from eight inches up to two feet. Over each of the grindstones hangs a can of water which is fitted with a faucet so small that only a minute stream of water falls upon the stone The razor is held squarely and firmly on a coarse stone by a workman, who knows just how many minutes the grinding should proceed Then it is removed to a finer stone and so on until the edge is sharp enough The water must not cease dripping for a moment for if the razor heats it is ten chances to one that the temper will be injured

The blade is now passed along to the polisher, who sits close to a narrow wooden wheel, coated outside with leather This he sprinkles from time to time with very fine emery dust and no water is used When the edge has been smoothed down the razor goes for a moment to the buffing wheel which is made up of hundreds of layers of fine linen cloth, closely bound together Now the razor is ready for honing, then for stropping and it finally takes its place under the barber's mirror —Chicago Record

Sunday Dinner Parties

One of the most obvious signs of the times is the place Sunday dinner parties, Sunday luncheons and Sunday at homes, to say nothing of Sunday evening parties now occupy Some nine or ten years ago Sunday dinner parties were a distinct innovation in general society, although for years previously certain sets made a practice of giving some of their smartest dinners on Sundays Still, so doing was mainly confined to these particular sets, and found no imitators in the London world to any extent. Gradually however under lead of several ultra fashionable ladies—the wives of millionaires to-wit—the fashion grew and grew and took root until it reached unto its present proportions that is to say, Sunday dinner parties are now given, if not in the majority of sets, yet something very much akin to it, notwithstanding the protests made in various directions against it —London Queen

Didn't Want to Be Shielded.

He took her hand gently in his

They were affianced and there was no kick coming on the score of conventionality

"I will always he murmured 'be at hand to shield thee in the great struggle of life

She gazed earnestly into his loving eyes

'No—'

She seemed not to be aware that he started violently upon the word

'—I must insist upon going to the bargain sales alone You would only be in the way '

Even as she spoke her face kindled with the excitement of the fray —Detroit Tribune

An Unreliable Man

"Look out for him, said Hostetter McGinnis referring to a prominent Texas gentleman "he is a hypocrite and will play you a bad trick some day, just like he did me "

'What did he do to you?'

'What did he do? I borrowed ten dollars of him and the double dyed scoundrel tried to make me pay it back Look out for him I tell you, you can't rely on him "—Texas Siftings

Pretty Far Gone

Rocks—I may have taken a little more than was good for me at times but I never was quite as far gone as Rounder was when he came in the other night

Bangs—Why what did he do?

Rocks—Lit a Roman candle to go to bed by —N Y World

Couldn't Be Helped

Neighbor—So the angels brought you a little brother last night?

Little Girl—Yes That makes four children on the house is awful small but I s pose it can't be helped It's too hot to keep the windows shut at night —Good News

Ballard's Horehound Syrup

We guarantee *this* to be the *best Cough Syrup* manufactured in the whole wide world This is saying a great deal but it is *true* For Consumption, Coughs, Colds Sore Throat Sore Chest, Pneumonia Bronchitis, Asthma Croup Whooping Cough and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs, we *positively guarantee Ballard's Horehound Syrup* to be without equal on the whole face of the globe In support of this statement we refer to every individual who has ever used it and to every druggist who has ever sold it Such evidence is indisputable Sold by Battles & Eichinger, druggists

JOHN L HAMILTON JR purchased the lot on the corner of Penn and Fifth streets Hoopeston He paid $1200 for it and will at once begin the erection of an $8 000 residence

JACOB MORAN was the victim of a runaway north of Mt Pulaski Mrs Moran's arm was broken and the horse was killed

I A RICHARDSON of Jefferson City Mo, Chief Enrolling Force, 39th General Assembly of Missouri writes "I wish to testify to the merits of One Minute Cough Cure When other so called cures failed, I obtained almost instant relief and a speedy cure by the use of One Minute Cough Cure Battles & Eichinger

HON JOSEPH V GRAFF of Pekin, congressman from that district, will deliver the Memorial day address at Canton

W T SANFORD, Station Agent of Leeper Clarion Co Pa, writes "I can recommend One Minute Cough Cure as the best I ever used It gave instant relief and a quick cure' Battles & Eichinger

PARIS is organizing a gun club.

TABLE NOVELTIES.

MANY of the handsome game sets have each plate decorated in a different design

ROSE punch is frequently served in very small gold bowls designed for the purpose

A NEW bonbon dish represents a faintly-tinted orchid, in pale violet hue, with gilt edges

THE carafe is no longer fashionable and in its place has come the cut glass ice pitcher

AMONG the new fads are the exquisite porcelain spoons which are used for after coffee

TRAYS and baskets of Royal Worcester ware are much liked for olives and salted almonds

A KNIFE used for cutting brick ice cream is of silver with a broad blade tapering to a point

TOAST racks tinted in lavender blue and pink with graceful handles are very pretty for the table

THE new platters for cold meats are perfectly flat, with a narrow upright rim and garnished edge

QUAINT SHAPED dishes for salted almonds are in the form of a half almond in soft browns and yellows

WHITE china trays decorated in sea shells and aquatic flowers and leaves are among the novelties for salads and watercress

DAINTY little glasses, in the shape of tulips with delicate silver tracery, are used to serve 'frappe' in, a popular ice for afternoon teas

SHOT AND SHELL

JAPAN'S great general Field Marshal Yamagata is a poet and essayist—quite a magazine gun himself, as it were

GEN DI GALLIFET who has just been retired for age was the last officer on the active list who held the rank of general at the outbreak of the war of 1870

JOHN SULLIVAN, in whose honor a handsome granite shaft has been raised in Durham N H, is not the muscular artist He was merely a revolutionary hero

A CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY with forty members and representing six different denominations has been formed in the Eighth regiment of the national guards of Pennsylvania

VICE ADMIRAL ALEXANDER BUTLER, C B who has just been appointed to command the north Atlantic squadron to succeed Vice Admiral Sir JohnOmmanney Hopkins was our guest at the centennial celebration

THE will of a Bavarian woman, recently probated, provides that 50 000 marks be set apart from her estates to help the cause of universal peace The interest of 25 000 is to be given to the German Peace society in Berlin and the interest of the rest is to be sent to the International Peace bureau in Berne

APHORISMS OF THE AUTOCRAT.

THE vice that shortens its weapons broadens its boundaries

It is better to lose a pint of blood than to have a nerve tapped

THE great minds are those with a wide spin which couple truths related to, but far removed from each other

TALK about conceit as much as you like it is to human character what salt is to the ocean, it keeps it sweet and renders it endurable

A THOUGHT is often original though you have uttered it a hundred times It has come to you over a new route by an express train of associations

TALKING is like playing on the harp, there is as much in laying the hand on the strings to stop their vibrations as in twanging them to bring out their music

LIFE and language are alike sacred Homicide and verbicide—that is violent treatment of a word with fatal results to its legitimate meaning, which is its life—are alike forbidden

A PUN is prima facie an insult to the person you are talking with People that make puns are like wanton boys that put coppers on the railroad tracks They amuse themselves and other children but they may upset a freight train of conversation for the sake of a battered wittiism

BIRD LIFE.

THE smallest humming bird weighs twenty grains

IN all tropical countries the vulture is the natural scavenger

ALL birds that live on seeds are furnished with strong gizzards

WILD birds do not sing more than eight or ten weeks in the year

IT is estimated that one crow will destroy 700 000 insects every year

THE birds of the south polar regions migrate north on the approach of winter

THE wren often makes a dozen nests leaving all but one unfinished and unused

THERE are sixty five species of humming birds enumerated by ornithologists

THE eyes of birds that fly by night are generally about double the size of day birds

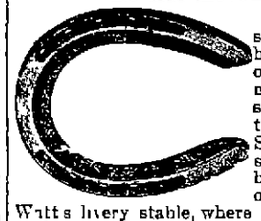
NOTES A-WHEEL

A E WALKERS beat the English twelve hour bicycle record lately at Herne Hill covering 258 miles 120 yards

THE Montreal Young Men's Christian Association Bicycle club requires its members to agree that while wearing the club uniform they will neither smoke nor patronize any place where liquor is sold

DR DOUGLAS HOGG of Paris recently requested in the Paris Journal of Medicine the opinions of medical men as to whether bicycling was healthy or injurious to women He has received forty eight answers to his question from distinguished English, French and other physicians Of these thirty-six approve the exercise if practiced in moderation, three recommend it under certain conditions while nine are totally opposed to bicycling for women

He Has Moved.



A J Dunston, the best horse shoer on earth, has moved his shoing shop to No 136, S Franklin street one block south of Hill & Witt's livery stable, where he will be glad to see his old customers and as many new ones as may come Andy always guarantees satisfaction Remember the place—South Franklin, between Main and Wood streets. apr6 dawtf

HELPED BY SPARROWS.

How They Fed a Mocking Bird Which Was Held Prisoner.

For several days, writes a Shreveport (La) gentleman, my attention was attracted by the somewhat singular conduct of a mocking bird which had perched in the vines on my front gallery Of course, it was in no wise strange that the bird should be there since our country abounds with them and they frequently build in the vines and rear their young, returning season after season for that purpose but this particular bird remained so very still and quiet except for a chirp now and then that I could but wonder what he was up to At any hour of the day he might have been seen just in the same place—like the raven, he still was sitting never flitting I hesitated about approaching too near to him as they are sometimes very shy, and I wanted to encourage him to take up his abode in my vines

The other morning the mystery was explained Going up very early I discovered that a company of sparrows had taken possession of the vines In the midst of their noisy chatter however I thought I detected the cry of a young mocking bird begging for food Thinking it strange that a young bird should have made its appearance so early in the season, I drew near the lively group to investigate The little fellows seemed in no wise disturbed by my approach, and kept up their chirping and fluttering uninterruptedly

FEEDING THE CAPTIVE BIRD

When I got within a few feet of the party I was astonished beyond measure to find that the sparrows were each taking turn and turn about in feeding the big mocking bird which I had observed for several days sitting in the vines The poor bird seemed to be ravenously hungry and the little sparrows went back and forth in relays to bring food for him Knowing that this was a most unusual proceeding, I began to examine more closely when I ascertained that the mocking bird was fastened so that he could not budge My rose frames are strung with wire, and the bird was caught in it and could not get out

Must Be a New Member

"Now as Shakespeare says" began the congressman from the Steenth district of Pennsylvania

'Shakespeare'' interrupted a member from Missouri 'What district does Shakespeare represent" —Pittsburgh Dispatch

A Great Improvement

She—Papa is going to have electricity put in the house?

He—Dear me! You can't turn that down

She—No but you can turn it out —Brooklyn Life

Knew from Experience

Schoolmaster (to class in political economy)—What is the hardest tax to raise?

Boy (whose mother is house cleaning)—Carpet tacks, sir —Answers

In Another Sense

Mr O'dstyle—I don't think that a college education amounts to much

Mr Spurcrod—Don't you? Well you ought to foot my boy's bills and see —N Y World

A Friend's Advice

Some four or five years ago J A Goodyear a young man full of life and vigor, left the old farm in Calhoun county for the more active life in the city Drifting into the telegraph business he secured a position on the C & N W railroad at Republic, Mich In addition to his duties as operator, he was required to sell tickets, check baggage and make himself generally useful Between the exacting officials on the one side and the inconsistent public on the other he was worked and worried to such an extent that his health gave out and one day he was carried to his home, after having a severe nervous spasm, he grew from bad to worse until he had to relinquish his position, a physical wreck

The doctor could not cure him and told him so but advised him to go to Ann Arbor and place himself in charge of that world wide institution of learning which he did He continued with their treatment constantly and faithfully for four long years, receiving little, if any, benefit While in this condition a friend gave him a bottle of Dr Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer, with an urgent request to use it Not wishing to offend his friend, he promised to do so, but did not, because, as he argued with himself What is the use of taking that 'stuff' if the most learned nerve specialists in the world can not cure me? But as the time passed he would occasionally think of the neglected bottle of medicine given him and his promise to use it One day he picked it up and mechanically pulled the cork measured out a dose and took it, a change seemed to come over him his nervousness abated, his mind became clear and he thought he felt something of his old time vigor He continued taking the Vitalizer until he was able to sit up then to walk a few steps the sluggish blood in his veins began to active color returned to his flesh and he felt the need of more food He soon improved so that he sought and became engaged in light labor and earned the first dollar in nearly two years hope attained its long vacated position in his brain and his friends rejoiced at his wonderful change Mr Goodyear is now leading a thoroughly active and successful life which he says he is proud to attribute to Dr Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer the greatest nerve builder ever produced for nervous prostration, spasms, fits, sleeplessness, mental depressions, exhausted vitality, despondency, sexual and general debility Battles & Eichinger

DOCTOR H R FISH, of Gravois Mills, Mo, a practicing physician of many years' experience, writes "De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve has no equal for indolent sores, scalds and burns It stops pain instantly, heals a burn quickly and leaves no scar Battles & Eichinger

SAMUEL WOOLNER, wife and child, of Peoria, left on Monday for New York, whence they will sail for Europe.

Generalship.

"The Clantys does be slow returnin' phwat they borry," said Mrs. Dolan

"Yis," replied Mrs Rafferty. "Oi niver will forgit the throuble Oi had gettin' back the flat irons Oi lint 'em wanst out o' the koindness av me heart '

"An' how did yez git em?

"Oi sint my b'y Teddy to holler out that the Clantys wouldn't be in this counthry ony Saint Pathrick chased the snakes out av Oireland Thin the oirons cem over the back fince fasht enough All Iddy had to do wor to dodge em —Washington Star

A Generous and Thoughtful Wife.

The Husband—Well darlint did you get your hat?

The Wife (just home from shopping) —Yes darling and it is a bee it and just think it cost only $22 I am ever so much obliged to you for the money and for the kindness I have bought you a new necktie It is very pretty isn't it?

The Husband—It is indeed darling What did you pay for it?

The Wife (blushing)—It isn't the cost that make a thing valuable you know, but the spirit in which it is given It cost 17 cents —N Y Press

The Milkman's Daughter

"Did you attend the wedding of Miss Chalkley? You know her father is a milkman and she married his partner" said Col Yerger to Judge Pennybunker

'No, I didn't go," replied the judge, 'but I heard it was a grand affair There was a great deal of pomp about it"

"A great deal of pomp? I should think there would be more pump than pomp about it —Tammany Times

A MODEST REQUEST.

"Will you have the kindness my dear sir, to quarrel with me? I'm real anxious to find out whether the dog I have just bought knows how to bite" —Illegende Blaetter

Utterly Incompetent

Clara—I understand you have a new president for your sewing society?

Cora—Yes, the former one was incompetent

'You don't say!"

'Yes, she said she couldn't understand what any of us said when we all talked together '—Yonkers Statesman

Matrimonial Note

Wife—What do you suppose is the reason there are no marriages in Heaven?

Husband—You stupid goose it is to offset the fact that there is no heaven in marriage —Alex Sweet, in Texas Siftings

Cheated

Cusmo—See that fellow across the street? He cheated me of twenty thousand dollars

Friend—How?

Cusmo—By refusing me his daughter's hand —Truth

Practical

Brother Will—Why don't you accept Jack? He is the Harvard record breaker in the high vault

Sister Sall—Yes, but I prefer the record breaker in the safety deposit kind —N Y World

When Woman Votes

Mrs Franklyn Wilmot—I shall never speak to her again—the mean thing!

Mrs I William Franchise—What did she do?

Mrs Wilmot—She challenged my vote!—Puck

A Doubt About It

Mabel—That Mr Brown is a perfect bear

Maud—Oh, do you think so? He hasn't hugged me once —Arkansaw Traveler

The Facts in the Case

She—Darling if I were poor would you love me as much?

He—No dear I wouldn't have as much time on my hands then —Brooklyn Life

Easily Explained

Henderson—Why did they turn Skinner out of the church?

Williamson—He sold the pastor a horse —Life

A Common Cause

Friend—What was the cause of that boating accident?

Waterman—Too full

"The boat too full?'

"No, the fellows in it "—N Y Weekly

This Is the Way Everyone Feels

Jones—Mr Cady where do you stand when your friends get up a tariff discussion?

Mr Cady—Nowhere I run —Chicago Record

No Family Filter

Little Dick—Is this the filtered water'

Little Dot—I don't know Taste it.

'It tastes like old straw '

'Yes that's filtered '—Good News.

The Preferable Metaphor

She—And I don't you concede marriage to be an important step'

He—Oh more—it's a serious slip, you know —Life

Answered the Purpose

The woman vainly tried to stop the car
And it stopped short as she did it
But it did not do half as much by far
The face that she made that did it
—Judge

Rev Isaac J Dwyer

MONTICELLO, Ill May 16 —Rev Isaac J Dwyer died at his home in Monticello aged 63 years He was one of the pioneers in Methodism in central Illinois, and one of the early settlers of Piatt county honored and respected by all who knew him

WHILE working in a well on the farm of Arno Shoemaker south of Lacon, J D Whetsel, of Varna was overcome by foul air and fell forty feet to the bottom When taken out life was extinct

PERCH are now biting very sharp in the sloughs about Peoria.

A STORY FROM JAMAICA.

ONE MAN'S EXPERIENCE WITH DYSPEPSIA

Food Distressed Him—His Heart Was In A Precarious Condition.

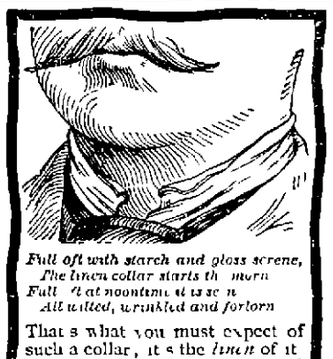
(*From Brooklyn N Y Times*)

There is no secret now as to what was the matter with George L Bergen of Jamaica, L I His friends thought he had a mild attack of a decline and possibly heart disease And no doubt he did but it all came from the dyspepsia and since that has been cured his heart disease has left him also He told the reporter of the *Times* who visited him the other day, and his conversation is reported here

'The trouble was with my digestive system and with my heart As I say, I suffered for nearly two years I was in fact very much so that the mere mention of any kind of pastry was out of the question As small portions of food as I had to go without it My strength rapidly decreased do what I could I took all sorts of medicines prescribed by physicians without any permanent benefit of the disorder Finally my heart became involved and I was very ill I would be startled with violent throbbing and palpitation When these symptoms would appear I would be in a state of utter despair

'One evening last fall I noticed in the Brooklyn *Times* an account of a remarkable cure effected by the use of Dr Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I was pale and that fact helped to awaken my interest in the announcement, which I read through carefully A day or two later a similar narrative appeared with reference to the pills the symptoms of the person cured being similar to my own I at once felt the question for me The next morning I procured a box and before I had taken half of them I experienced decided relief I continued the pills and my improvement was rapid until now I can eat with impunity what my appetite suggests, without regard to time or amount in reason of course, and the distressing disturbances of the heart have disappeared I have never had any heart trouble but my health has been greatly benefited by the use of the Pink Pills I recommend them to all my friends as a tonic and for stomach trouble Anyone having the symptoms I have described may take the pills with the utmost confidence of their bringing relief Mr Bergen is an active member of Jamaica Council Royal Arcanum and exempt fireman and has been for many years connected with the hardware establishment of James L Lewis one of the largest mercantile interests on Long Island

Dr Williams Pink Pills contain all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves They are for sale by all druggists or may be had by mail from Dr Williams' Medicine Co Schenectady N Y, for 50c per box, or six boxes for $2 50



Full oft with starch and gloss serene,
The linen collar starts the morn
Full oft at noontime it is seen
All wilted, wrinkled and forlorn

That's what you must expect of such a collar, it's the *linen* of it The stand up collars won't stand up and the turn-down collars will wilt down The easy cheap and pleasant way out of this is to wear 'CELLULOID", COLLARS AND CUFFS These goods are made by covering linen collars or cuffs on both sides with CELLULOID,' thus making them strong and durable, and *waterproof* not affected by heat or moisture There are no other waterproof goods made this way consequently none that can wear so well When soiled simply wipe them off with a wet cloth Every piece of the genuine is stamped like this

TRADE CELLULOID MARK.

Insist upon goods so marked if you expect full satisfaction and if your dealer does not keep them send direct to us enclosing amount and we will mail sample State size and whether a stand up or turned-down collar is wanted Collars 25c each Cuffs 50c pair

The CELLULOID COMPANY
427-29 Broadway, New York.

The United Society of Christian Endeavor

And the National Young People's Christian Union will hold their Eighth International Convention at Boston July 6 13 1899 The Wabash Railroad has reduced the rate to one first class fare for the round trip from all stations to Boston for this occasion Low rates via route and guide to Boston write to C S Crane General Passenger and Ticket Agent St Louis Mo April 2 w m

The 26th Triennial Conclave Knights Templar,

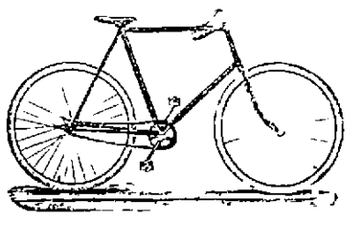
Will be held in Boston Mass August 6th to 9th 1899 For this occasion the Wabash Railroad will sell tickets from all stations to Boston at one fare for the round trip Map of route and guide to Boston will be mailed on application to C S Crane General Passenger and Ticket Agent St Louis Mo April 2 w m

GO TO

The Spencer & Lehman Co.

—FOR—

BICYCLES.



Highest Award at the World's Fair

The Spencer & Lehman Co.

Cor S Main and Wood Streets

ESTABLISHED 1860.

J. MILLIKIN & CO.,

Bankers,

—AND—

DEALERS in EXCHANGE.

Safety Deposit Boxes for the use of those wishing to secure place for their Bonds, Mortgages Notes, Insurance Policies, etc. aug29-wtf

For Sale!

The Suit You Want to Wear.

HUNDREDS UPON HUNDREDS OF THEM

In Cheviots.
In Worsteds.
In Cassimeres.
In Diagonals.

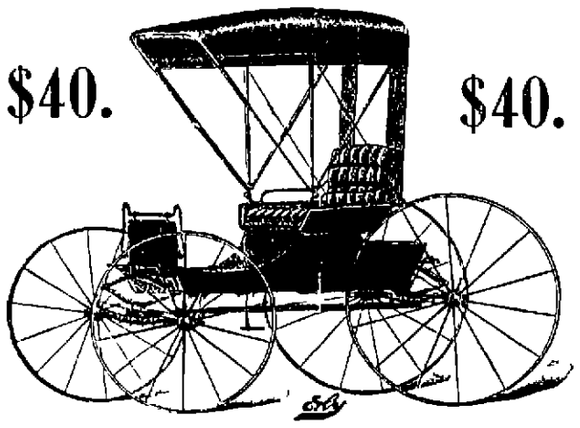
All of which must be sold before our removal to our new location on Water street.

OUR object is to sell out our entire stock of Clothing so that we can go into our new building with an entire new stock.

YOUR object is to save money in your purchases. You can attain your object and help us attain ours by consulting us before purchasing.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

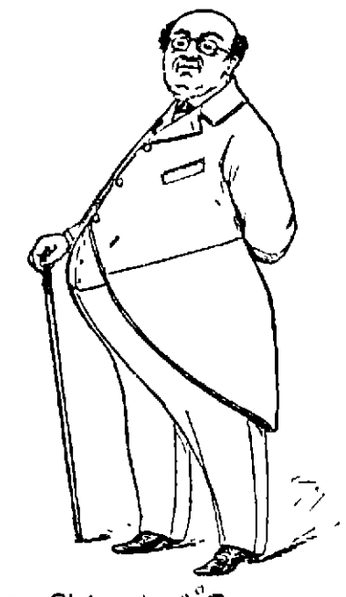
A Thoroughly Reliable, Fully Warranted Buggy.

$40.  **$40.**

We Will Only Sell 10 at This Price.

We have the Finest Vehicles and Largest Stock.

J. G. STARR & SON,
Southwest Corner Lincoln Square.



He is Well Satisfied With Himself

—AND ALSO—

Satisfied With Our Line of Clothing,

WHERE ALL SIZES ARE KEPT IN STOCK AT

Mr. Pickwick in a PICKWICK STOUT.

The People's Clothier

C. J. BRYAN.

OLD POSTOFFICE STAND

BUSINESS CARDS.

GOLDEZ & CO., DECATUR, 120 North Franklin Street, ILLINOIS

MANUFACTURERS OF LIGHT AND HEAVY HAND-MADE HARNESS.

Use only best stock and first class workmanship Inspection will convince you that our work is first class Prices could not be lower for first class work We lead, others follow.

Weekly Republican.

THURSDAY, MAY 23 1895

LOCAL NEWS.

THE Illinois legislature has passed a resolution to adjourn on June 11

THE Shelby county state bank at Shelbyville is about to begin business

CHAMPION Binders and Mowers never wear out You can see them at Leon & Morris, 138 East Wood St may 9 w6w

AT Clinton the night of May 23 a Knights Templar commandery will be organized Decatur Knights will assist in the work

JOHN W SANNER, of Decatur, has been selected to serve as a grand juror in the United States court at Springfield F H Crowder, of Bethany, will serve on the petit jury

THE Wabash, in conjunction with several roads, began Sunday to run the fastest freight train between New York and Chicago of any lines in the country, making the distance in sixty three hours, or forty eight hours lower than than any now running

MACCAL in its splendid work, Dr Price's Baking Powder was never known to fail

THE Second Regiment, Illinois Brigade, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, will take part in the Memorial Day exercises at Taylorville Decatur Division No 36, is a part of the regiment and will probably be in attendance

A MEETING of stockholders of the I D & W and D & E railroad companies will be held July 16 in Decatur to consolidate the two companies The directors long ago decided on the consolidation and this is a mere formal meeting

ON June 17 and 18 Rev C E Woodruff will be in Chicago to examine all those who may desire to be examined for admission to the University of Pennsylvania Similar examinations will be held at all principal cities in the country on the same dates

GO TO the Spencer & Lehman company for wood pumps, iron pumps, force pumps and pump repairs feb6 d&wtf

RESIDENTS of Decatur who hail from Zanesville, Ohio, will rejoice to learn that the Ohio Republican State convention will be held at Zanesville on May 28 and 29 The cities of Columbus and Cincinnati tried hard to get the convention, but the 100 advocates of Zanesville were victorious

THE heirs of the late Mrs Rachel McDaniel are W B McDaniel, Margaret Cooper, Adaline Brown, Albert and Dock McDaniel Her will has been filed for probate, with Anderson Smith named as executor The estate consists of 170 acres of land, a house and lot in Elwin and personal property

IN the county court the will of the late Alexander Reed was admitted to probate The document bequeathed to the widow Eliza Reed, all of the personal and real estate property during her life time, or while she remained a widow Upon her death it is to be equally divided among her natural heirs, Mary A Reed, Delay F and Lena Reed The property consists principally of farm land

ALL kinds of plow repairing, plow polishing and disk grinding at 708 and 712 North Broadway A MANECKE feb21 w 3m

J C HYNI, overseer of the poor, has three bright, intelligent little girls for whom he would like to find good homes They are aged 5, 7 and 9 years, and are daughters of a respectable widow who was left with a babe in arms besides an other child She is unable to support the five children Any one who will take one or more of these little girls can obtain full particulars by calling and seeing Mr Hane at his office in the court house

THE Spencer & Lehman Co have the exclusive agency of the celebrated Troy Carriage Co's surreys and carriages and the full line of Henney buggies They will also carry a full assortment of buggies surreys, phaetons and road wagons of lower grade jan 25 d&wtf

MACON is still having a contention about closing the barber shop and meat market on Sunday There is an ordinance against doing business on Sunday, but the council by resolution said the places named could keep open until 9 a m Sunday A man who had been arrested for not paying his dog tax, and knowing that an ordinance could not be nullified by resolution, has had the butcher and the barber arrested, and there is to be a trial Monday It is understood that the parties will be fined, the fines remitted and the ordinance amended by ordinance in legal form

McCOY—NICKEY

United in Marriage Last Evening at Springfield

From Thursday's Daily

Attorney John H McCoy, of Decatur, and Miss Ida Nickey, of Oakley, went to Springfield last evening and were married in that city last night They will go to Quincy and St Louis to visit relatives for a week or more before returning to this city where they will make their home The groom is a well known young attorney of this city, and his bride, the daughter of Mr and Mrs William Nickey, of Oakley, township, is one of the most favorably known young ladies in that section of the country

F F KING, a mechanical engineer of Peoria has a new process of securing power from steam, water or gas and he thinks he can save at least 40 to 100 per cent of the power

MR McCORMICK, a newly appointed storekeeper at Pekin has transferred his family from Danville to that city

WELLS are dry all over Clinton, and there is great suffering for water in all that region

THE new Methodist church at Latham will be of unique design and shingled all over

POWELL IS COMMANDER.

McNulta Defeated 134 Votes at the G A. R Encampment

At the election for Department Commander, Illinois Grand Army of the Republic, held at Bloomington Wednesday, Major General Powell, of Belleville, defeated Gen John McNulta 134 votes It was really a fight as to who should be appointed adjutant Col Spink, of Chicago, who has been adjutant several terms, favored Powell, and he worked for him The story got out that McNulta would if elected appoint Capt Bennett, also of Chicago McNulta denied the story in a circular, but he got left, and Powell is the new commander

Gen Powell bears a splendid record as a soldier When war was declared between the states he severed his business relations as general manager of a large iron works at Ironton, O and proceeded to recruit a company in Lawrence county O, for the cavalry arm of the service and reported with same at Rendezvous camp, at Parkersburg, Va, Sept 14, 1861, and was mustered into service upon the completion of the regimental organization commissioned by Provisional Governor Pierpoint as the 'Second Regiment Loyal Virginia Cavalry United States Volunteers He served under Generals Rosencranz, Cox, Milroy and Crook in 1861, 62 and '63, in Virginia On Thanksgiving day, 1862, as major, he charged the rebel camp of the Fourteenth Virginia Rebel Cavalry, 500 strong, in Sinking Creek Valley, Greenbrier county, in command of a lieutenant and twenty men, at noonday, routed the camp and captured a lieutenant colonel, a major, a captain, three lieutenants and 117 privates, with the arms and horses of the command, without loss of life or blood, before his regiment came to his support, for which daring act he was promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel, and later received and now wears the "Medal of Honor," awarded by special act of congress for extraordinary service, endorsed by Gen George Crook

On July 18, 1863, whilst leading his regiment as colonel in a charge upon the enemy's fortified position at Wytheville, Va, he received a serious wound, was left upon the battlefield, and, with a number of his command who had been wounded, was taken prisoner of war to Libby prison, where he remained until January 29, 1864, (thirty seven days in close confinement in a dungeon), where he was specially paroled for thirty days to go to Washington to effect the exchange of Col Richard H Lee, C S A He rejoined his regiment in the Kanawha Valley March 20 and participated as commander of the Third cavalry brigade, Second cavalry division, in the Hunter raid upon Lynchburg in June, returning with Hunter's command to the Shenandoah Valley via the Kanawha Valley and Parkersburg July 18

On the assignment of Gen Sheridan to the command of the troops in Shenandoah Valley, August 7, a cavalry corps was organized composed of the First, Second and Third cavalry division Col Powell was assigned to the command of the Second brigade Second division commanded by Gen Averill, United States Army, until September 23, on which date, by order of Gen Sheridan, he was assigned to the command of the Second cavalry division, relieving Gen Averill, and participated as division commander in all the brilliant achievements in the valley that immortalized the name and fame of Sheridan and his cavalry, during which campaign Comrade Powell received from Gen Sheridan his commission as brigadier general, October 19, 1864 and later, his commission as brevet major general, March 13, 1865 He has been a resident of Belleville, Ill, since 1876

Strength of the G A R

During the past year the Grand Army of the Republic in Illinois paid out $9,475 95 for charitable purposes Commander McDowell, in his annual address at Bloomington stated that on May 17, 1894, when he assumed command of the Illinois Department the members then in good standing numbered 29,521 "During the year just closing the loss from all causes has been 1,599, of which 530 have been cut down by the Reaper, who is fast thinning out ranks Remaining in good standing at the close of the year, 27,922 Taking into consideration that age is fast creeping on apace and comparing with the year of my honored predecessor the showing in this respect, is to say the least, not one of discouragement During the year the department expended in charity the sum of $9 475 95 Thirteen posts have been dropped on account of delinquent reports, two have surrendered their charters, four posts only were delinquent for the second term of 1894 and nine new posts have been mustered during the year'

ONLY baffled malice would try to belittle the fame of Dr Price's Baking Powder Its high reputation is impregnably fortified

Miners Accept a 35-Cent Scale

SPRINGFIELD, Ill, May 15—One Hundred miners who were out on a strike at the Milmington and Springfield Coal Co's shift in this city, have returned to work at the operators price of 35 cents per ton of 2700 pounds This is the lowest rate paid in this country to miners

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded Price 25 cents per box For Sale By KING & HUBBARD.

A W BRANT, agent of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois at Hoopeston, has resigned and goes into the grain trade at Tuscola

OUR patrons will find De Witt's Little Early Risers a safe and reliable remedy for constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaints. Battles & Eichinger.

AFTER STOLEN PROPERTY

Two Chicago Officers Find a Lot of It in Decatur—Worth $400

Frank Goodman Confesses That He Bought It and Sold It—Trouble Ahead for Chicago Pawnbrokers

During the present week the Decatur police and a number of citizens have been electrified to some extent by the presence of two shrewd members of the Chicago police force—O'Rourke and Sudmacher by name—who were sent here in citizens clothes to run down a lot of valuable property, mostly diamonds and watches, which had been stolen from various residences in Chicago The officers reported to Marshal Mason and stated their mission, and the marshal with Officers Muthersbaugh and Williamson assisted the officials in the successful efforts put forth to find the stolen stuff It was a work of two days and nights, the officers getting in a good wedge by putting several members of the gambling and sporting fraternity "on the carpet' It was comparatively easy sailing after a start was made The officers had secured a good healthy tip and they used it to good effect Then others who had come in possession of stolen property through the same avenue were easily spotted some of the parties coming to the police voluntarily and turning over articles they had purchased at prices they deemed very low, or they would not have been in the mix

All of the articles recovered by the officers, and they included six gold watches, three valuable diamond rings, a large gold brooch with a cluster of ten diamonds, and a pearl opera glass it was discovered, had been sold to the parties holding them by Frank Goodman, well known in Decatur The valuation of the goods is about $100 The watches had been sold by Goodman at figures ranging from $15 to $75, and the diamonds had been sold at good prices

The discovery of Frank Goodman's connection with the transactions naturally gave rise to the suspicion in the minds of the officers that he must be in the confidence of Chicago crooks, and yesterday he was placed under arrest in Chicago, and brought to Decatur this morning by Officer J W Anderson that he might tell what he would or could about his connection with the property recovered

This morning Mr Goodman made an explanation to the officers which they say thoroughly satisfies them that what he has done will bear the searchlight of investigation Goodman, they say, has done no wrong He bought the articles in the pawnshops in Chicago, and brought them here to sell to his friends and associates Some of the articles were Frank's personal property He had put them in pawn in Chicago and had afterwards redeemed them Others he had bought of the Chicago pawnbrokers, and had them disposed of them at such prices as he could secure He insists that he had no knowledge that the articles had been stolen, and believed when he bought them that they had been put in pawn and had been forfeited, otherwise he would not have handled them Frank claims further that for a period of years he has been in the habit of buying articles of jewelry, sometimes from Decatur dealers, and selling them to friends at a profit

It is the theory of the Chicago officers, however, that some of the Chicago pawn shop operators are crooked There are 35 licensed pawnshops in Chicago, and the regulations are severe They are required to keep a full description of all property pawned open for inspection at any time, and a failure to obey the law means on conviction a penitentiary sentence or revocation of the license It is thought much of the property which has lately been stolen from Chicago residences has been taken to the pawn shops and kept in hiding without registration, and slyly sold to innocent parties or confederates to be disposed of at out of the way points where there wold be little likelihood of discovery Operating on this theory the Chicago officers will go through every Chicago pawnshop with Goodman and try to nail some of them to the cross for immediate prosecution The officers returned to Chicago to day taking Goodman along They are convinced that Goodman is all right because he has in no sense attempted to conceal any part of his connection with the articles disposed of by him in Decatur And they will use him effectively no doubt in unearthing systematic crookedness among the Chicago pawnbrokers

Three of the articles found in Decatur have been positively identified as part of the property stolen in Chicago They are the opera glasses, a fine diamond ring and a lady's gold watch The other articles recovered will remain in possession of Marshal Mason until they are properly identified If they are not satisfactorily identified they will be returned to the parties who purchased them from Goodman

It was the habit of Goodman to get H M White to take his pawn tickets secured in Chicago, and send to Chicago for an article occasionally This was all regular and no suspicion attached to Mr White in the whole matter The officers are satisfied of this fact

What will become of the Chicago pawnbrokers will be learned later

PLENTY of rivals to compete with Dr Price's Baking Powder None can make headway against it

Grain Elevator Burned

LINCOLN, ILL, May 14—At Elkhart to night the elevator, cribs and 40,000 bushels of corn, belonging to Arthur Armington, were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of $25,000; covered by insurance.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR CHAT

Meetings Held During the Past Week—General Notes on the Work

—The *Illinois Union* has given place to *The Inland*, which is printed at St Louis and can be had for 15 cents in clubs of ten, 25 cents for single copy You can't afford to be without it

—The First Presbyterian Endeavorers have laid the responsibility for their monthly socials upon the different committees The first was held by the Lookout committee that gave a book social, serving refreshments and presenting the members with little floral souvenirs The Sunday School committee came next, and they had a photograph social Each girl brought a basket of lunch containing an old photograph of herself The masculine members selected their baskets, and each found the owner from her photograph A mock camera was present and took photographs These were previously manufactured, pictures being cut from *Puck* and *Judge* and mounted on card board The Missionary committee had the third, and as this fell on Whittier's birthday, they gave a Whittier evening If in your society the social committee has grown tired, why not try this plan for a time and give them a rest'

—The Senior Endeavor society of the First M E church have assumed the editorship of the church paper soon to be published

—Most of the Endeavor meetings were led by the pastors this week Rev Jordan gave these three suggestions for help Pray for the pastor, be present at the church services, contribute ideas for improved methods of church work Rev Howe told his young people to bring more spirituality into the church make a careful study of the history of the church, be aggressive

Miss Hattie Jenson is superintendent of the Baptist Junior Endeavor

Mrs Barlett is superintendent of the Intermediate Endeavor of the same church

—The Presbyterian society helps to support two young missionaries

The Presbyterian Endeavorers celebrated Rev Penhallegon's forty sixth birthday last week They presented him with forty six beautiful carnations

—The First Presbyterian Endeavorers will start what will be known as a missionary club, to be held monthly Gentlemen as well as ladies will belong, and a thorough study of the mission fields will be made Refreshments suitable to the country under discussion will be served each time Two trial meetings have been held and have proved to be successful Miss Hattie Brown is chairman of the missionary committee

The Cleveland Union are going to expend $1 200 in erecting and maintaining public drinking fountains so that people will not have to visit saloons to quench their thirst

—Read last week's *Golden Rule* if you wish to be enthused over the convention The delegates to the Boston convention from New York have joined forces with those from Washington, and those two large delegations will enter Boston together

—During the past year the Lincoln Park Congregational Endeavorers gave three hundred dollars to city missions, one hundred dollars to home missions, one hundred dollars to foreign missions, and furnished twenty teachers in a mission Sunday school Splendid'

—Five members of the Sixth Avenue Baptist society of Brooklyn have consecrated their lives to mission work Four will go abroad and the other one will remain at home

—At the recent Tennessee convention four rows of seats were filled with volunteers to the foreign field

—The county lookout committee met last Tuesday evening and finished the plans for the visitations of the country societies A special meeting is to be held at each of the societies, the arrangement for which has been placed in the hands of the following persons Macon, Mr Norman Coughlin, Harristown, Mr H P Wetzel, both to be held on June 2d, Warrensburg, Miss Carrie Knapp, North Fork, Mr E K Towl, both to be held June 9th June 16 there will be meetings at Mt Zion and Niantic, Clara Mitchell and Bertha — — — respectively to have charge June 23d, Macon and Argenta, with Sam Lehman and Milton Johnson, jr, in charge June 30th, Bethlehem, with Miss Lillian Irwin in charge

MINCE pies are all the more delicious when made with Dr Prices Baking Powder

The Central at Springfield

SPRINGFIELD, Ill, May 15—Contracts have to day been let for the erection here by the Illinois Central Railroad company of an elegant passenger depot, costing about $30 000, with 40 rooms, for general offices The building will be the finest in the state outside of Chicago and a credit to the city It is rumored that the Central will make this city its general headquarters for Central and Southern Illinois, for all branches of that system

Some day perhaps Decatur will be able to rejoice Some day

Interest on City Funds

SPRINGFIELD, ILL, May 15 -The attorney general says that it is the duty of city treasurers to obtain as large interest as possible on public funds Though he knows of no process by which such officers can be compelled to advertise for bids, it is their plain duty to go to the banks and make the best possible arrangements

Farmers and Feeders, Attention

We hear that hog cholera is abroad in the land, and as we believe oil meal is a preventive, if not a sure cure, we suggest and so recommend the using of more oil meal, as the cost will not be much and it is about the cheapest feed a person can use in fattening animals Oil Meal in any quanity at the Oil Mill

Sept 27 wtf H. S. CLARK & Co.

MASON county has decided to place a tax on bicycles.

FELL UNDER THE WHEELS.

A Bad Accident Caused by Too Much Whisky

Late Friday night Officers Bailey and Beatty were called to look after a man who it was stated had fallen from a wagon and sustained serious injuries. The officers started out and after some trouble found two men Westbrook and Coy seated in a wagon and so helpiessly under the influence of liquor that they could give no account of themselves It was learned that the party had consisted of three and as the wagon approached the P, D & E track on North Water street one of the men had tumbled off and under the wheels The men in the wagon which was loaded with potatoes, were placed under arrest and locked up The injured man had been carried to the residence of Donald Schenck at 405, East Herkimer street before the officers arrived and Dr Myers was called to attend him His name is given as Howard Welcher and he is apparently about 50 years of age The attending physician gives little hope that he will recover Two wheels of the wagon passed over his chest and several bones are broken to say nothing of extensive and serious bruises At 2 o'clock this afternoon he was unable to speak and seemed to be in a stupor It is supposed that the injured man was like his companions intoxicated at the time of the accident

Funerals of Two Veterans

From Friday's Daily

Rev R G Hobbs officiated at the funeral of the late John Rigney which took place Thursday afternoon from the family residence 1319 East Eldorado street, the home of Mrs E W Leib, daughter of the deceased The attendance was large Music was furnished by the Misses Kimber and Shellabarger Interment was in Greenwood cemetery The service at the grave was conducted by the Mexican war veterans and Decatur Lodge, No 65, I O O F The active pall bearers were D L Baldwin George Hunsley I N Martin jr A Mottram and S B Gillette The honorary pall bearers were Mexican war veterans. The interment was with military honors, members of Co H I N G serving as a firing squad

The funeral of the late Fred J Smith took place from the family home, 712 North Vandyke street Thursday afternoon, in the presence of a large number of friends Rev R G Hobbs officiated and there was appropriate music The interment was in Greenwood with military honors, members of the Decatur Guards serving as a firing squad. Five of the pallbearers were Mexican War veterans as follows Alfred Gideon Charles Smith, John Frazier Ebenezer Workheiser, Walter Elworthy and Horace Davenport

The Death Record

From Friday's Daily

The death of Mrs Grace F Brooks occurred last evening at the home of her father, Andrew Shoemaker, 992 East Eldorado street Her age was 29 years. Deceased was the wife of J W Brooks, who with one child Florence, aged three years, survives Mrs Brooks was afflicted with lung trouble, and had been taken to Chicago for treatment The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock from the residence of Andrew Shoemaker 992 East Eldorado street Dr Penhallegon, of the Presbyterian church, will officiate Burial in Greenwood

Mrs Hattie Howland, wife of John Howland died May 16 of lung trouble at the family residence, 811 Clay street Mrs Howland had been sick four months and died at the age of 28 She was the daughter of James Litzenberger, of Maroa, and leaves a husband, three sisters and four brothers to mourn her departure She was a faithful member of the United Brethren church and the funeral services were held from that church this afternoon at 3 o'clock Rev. King conducted the services and the interment was at Greenwood

Has Not Slept in Months

If *shoes* is what you want and *shoes* is what you are looking for the best thing for you to do is to go to the dealer who has a reputation for handling the *right kind* at the *right price* Our Oxfords and low cuts in black and tan, at from $1 to $3 00 speak for themselves. High button in medium and fine grades, at prices that will sell them Men's shoes for all sorts of feet We have what you want and what you are looking for in *shoes* and the prices *are right*

WALTER HUTCHIN,
The Sleepless Shoe Man,
may 8 d&wtf 117 North Water St.

Settled for $400

In the circuit court at Springfield yesterday the case of Mrs. Dora Cuttle, administratrix, vs the Wabash Railway company, suit to recover $5,000 for the death of her husband, Michael Cuttle, who was kicked off a Wabash train by a brakeman, was compromised Mrs Cuttle had secured a verdict for $4,000 but she accepted $400 in full settlement of the entire claim

IN their efforts to belittle the Worlds Fair award to Dr Prices Baking Powder unsuccessful rivals excite only amusement

A Decatur Boy

A press telegram states that Herbert E Nims of Decatur, Ill, was yesterday awarded senior class honors at Colgate University, Utica, New York Herbert graduated from the Decatur High School a few years ago He is a son of Mr and Mrs C D Nims, of North Edward street

MARRIED.

On Thursday evening May 16 at the home of the bride's parents Mr and Mrs W H McKown 1917 East William street by Rev J A F King, of the United Brethren church, Louis Schario and Miss Maggie McKown

The wedding march was played by Mrs Ed. McDonald, and a fine marriage feast was served to a large company of guests Mr S is an employe of the Mueller Manufacturing company.

THERE are thirty five horses in training at Lake View Park, Peoria.

CARLISLE'S SPEECH

Criticised by Hon. W. J. Bryan at Springfield, Mo.

REPUDIATES HIS TEACHINGS OF 1878.

Has Mr. Carlisle Ceased to Sympathize with the "Struggling Masses" in the Interests of the "Idle Holders of Idle Capital?"

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., May 22.—Hon. W. J. Bryan, who lectured in this city last evening, was asked: "What do you think about Carlisle's speech at *Covington?*" He said:

"Mr. Carlisle at Covington is as different from Mr. Carlisle in '78 as it is possible for him to be. He stated that upon some things advocated in his speech in 1878 he had changed his mind, but failed to mention the particular part of the speech of 1878 *upon which his mind had changed*, and we are left in doubt as to what part he repudiates. He said in 1878 that he favored the Bland bill because it would put at least $2,000,000 per month into circulation, and the relief would be much greater if the maximum of $4,000,000 could be coined; yet he is *largely responsible for the repeal of the Sherman law*, which put into circulation about $4,000,000 per month, and he is apparently satisfied with the present condition, under which no silver at all is being put into circulation, either by purchase or otherwise.

"In 1878 Mr. Carlisle criticised Secretary *Sherman and said that if* the secretary of the treasury or the person who had charge of enforcing the law, was 'in sympathy with the struggling masses which produce the wealth and pay the taxes of the country, rather than with the idle holders of idle capital,' the benefit received *from the law would be much greater*. In this he recognized the difference between 'idle holders of idle capital' and 'the struggling masses.'

"Mr. Carlisle at that time spoke for the 'struggling masses,' and accused Mr. Sherman of representing the 'idle holders of idle capital.'" Mr. Sher*man and* Mr. Carlisle are now in perfect agreement, and it would be interesting to have Mr. Carlisle state whether Mr. Sherman is at last in sympathy with the 'struggling masses', or whether Mr. Carlisle is in sympathy with 'idle holders of idle capital.'

"In 1878 Mr. Carlisle said that the increase in *the currency* would bring prosperity to all, including the laboring men. He now says that the laboring people would suffer most from the free coinage of silver.

"The laboring men themselves have sent a petition to congress in behalf of the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1. I am inclined to think that the laboring men knew better what they need than Mr. Carlisle.

ANOTHER BATTLE IN CUBA.

The Insurgents Again Sustain a Crushing Defeat.

HAVANA, May 22.—Gen. Salcedo telegraphs from Santiago de Cuba that a fight occurred Monday with a party of 700 insurgents between Bijas and Dos Rios, on the right bank of the River Contramaestre. The insurgents were under command of Marti, Gomez, Masso and Berrero, and the Spanish troops were led by Col. Sandoval.

The fighting was severe and lasted an hour and a half. The enemy was put to flight and Jose Marti, who styles himself president of the republic, was killed. His body was captured and identified. The loss on the insurgents' side was fourteen known as killed and many wounded. All the correspondence of Marti was captured. Eleven horses, with equipment, were also captured.

On the Spanish side five were killed and seven wounded.

Prisoners say that Gomez was killed or wounded, but that has not been corroborated. Gen. Campos left Monday for the east.

A FAMILY ROW.

Grows Out of the Wilde-Taylor Prosecution.

LONDON, May 22.—The marquis of Queensberry met his son, Lord Alfred Douglas, in Piccadilly, shortly after the conclusion of the Taylor trial yesterday afternoon, and when he stopped him and abused him roundly for continuing to uphold Oscar Wilde, a vehement exchange of violent language ensued, and the quarrel was rapidly reaching the point of blows when the police broke through the large crowd which had collected and stopped the row. Both Lord Queensberry and his son were arrested and taken to the Vine-street police station, followed by a mob. After a short detention in the station the father and son were released.

Another Account.

Another report has it that the marquis and Lord Alfred fought in the street with sticks and fists, the son getting much the worst of it, showing several bad contusions in the face. The marquis, upon leaving the police station, showed traces of having been engaged in an affray. He was cheered by the crowd until he drove off in a cab.

Selecting Jurors for the Second McLaughlin Trial.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Judge Barrett opened the oyer and terminer court promptly at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, and the selection of jurors in the second trial of Police Inspector Wm. M. McLaughlin for extortion was continued. When the court adjourned Monday evening two jurors had been given seats in the jury box, but were not sworn in, and they may be challenged later on.

Voted to Restore Capital Punishment.

LANSING, Mich., May 22.—The senate last night, by a vote of 18 to 12, passed the bill to restore capital punishment in certain cases in this state.

GEORGE HUGHES has bought the Mark Barton farm of 240 acres east of Kankakee for $75 per acre, the same figure at which he last week sold his 2?0 acre farm lying north of the Barton place.

WHILE working in a well on the farm of Arno Shoemaker, south of Leonard, D. Whetzel, of Varna, was overcome by foul air and fell forty feet to the bottom. When taken out life was extinct.

MISS CLARA GEREAUX, known to the dramatic world world as Marie Ducles, of New York, is at Champaign to spend the summer with her uncle, Thomas C. Healey.

AN UNWELCOME RAIN

Drops Cold Water on the Odd Fellows' Temple Dedication in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—When the thousands of visiting and resident Odd Fellows arose yesterday morning their hopes for fair weather for the principal day of the week's celebration in honor of the dedication of the $1,000,000 temple at Broad and Cherry streets were dispelled. A heavy rain was falling and the clouded skies gave no encouragement to the masses. So extensive were the preparations, however, that the elements could not be a deterrent.

The exercises began at 9 a. m., when the annual session of the grand lodge of Pennsylvania was opened in St. George's hall. A half hour later, the members of the grand lodge proceeded to the temple, two blocks distant, for the purpose of taking part in the dedicatory services, over which Grand Master Harry L. Neall presided.

The services began at 10 o'clock, and were held in the auditorium of the new temple. They were beautifully ritualistic and were compiled by Dr. Thomas Armstrong. The seating capacity of the auditorium is 1,200, but several hundred persons in excess of this number witnessed the dedication.

The parade of 20,000 members, accompanied by 100 brass bands, which was to have taken place yesterday afternoon, was, at 1 o'clock, postponed on account of rain. It was unofficially stated that the parade will take place this afternoon in the event of clear weather.

VISCOUNT VOLMER

Disqualified as a Commoner by His Elevation to the Peerage.

LONDON, May 22.—The committee appointed by the house of commons to consider the question affecting the right of Viscount Volmer to sit as a member of the lower house, despite the fact that by the death of his father he had succeeded to the rank and title of the earl of Selborne, reported to the house yesterday. The committee find that as Viscount Volmer having, through right of succession, become the earl of Selborne, a peer of Great Britain, he is no longer entitled to sit in the house of commons.

The report of the committee was read by Mr. Henry T. Anstruther, liberal-unionist, who moved that a writ for a new election in West Edinburgh to fill the seat vacated by Viscount Volmer be issued at once.

Mr. G. N. Curzon, himself heir to a peerage, urged the house to pause before taking such a step, which, he declared, was an entirely new parliamentary procedure.

MORE EARTHQUAKES IN ITALY.

Spoleto and Other Cities Badly Shaken Up.

ROME, May 22.—The town of Spoleto, about sixty miles from this city, was shaken up by a violent earthquake *Monday afternoon*. The station was partly destroyed, and crevices were made in the walls of many of the houses and in a portion of the walls of the prison. The inhabitants were panic-stricken, and even after the first excitement had gone were afraid to go to their homes, and passed the night in the streets. Vehicles were sent from Terni, ten miles from Spoleto, to bring away the families of the railway employes in the latter place. The shock was felt in Terni and Poligno, but no damage was done in either town.

THE FRENCH BUDGET.

A Note of Warning from M. Rouvier.

LONDON, May 22.—The Daily News prints a Paris dispatch saying that the result of the election of the budget committee is a serious blow to the French cabinet. The new taxes are attacked on all sides.

M. Rouvier made a remarkable speech in one of the committee rooms. He showed that the expenditures of the government increased 1,000,000,000 francs ($200,000,000) every decade. He said that such an increase was beyond the country's means and declared that France was nearing disaster, which retrenchment alone could avert.

THE CUSTODY OF POLLY STILES

Will Remain with the Court Until Her Parents' Divorce Suit is Settled.

CHICAGO, May 22.—The question of the custody of Polly Stiles, the 8-year-*old daughter of the parties to the famous* divorce suit, was settled yesterday by Judge Goggin ordering her removed from St. Xavier's academy, where she had been placed by her father when he abducted her from her mother a month ago, to the convent of the Sacred Heart. The little girl will be under the care and custody of the court until the appellate and, perhaps, the supreme court are heard from in the final decision of the divorce proceedings.

AN AUSTRALIAN PUG

Arrested and Held Without Bail for a Most Revolting Crime.

PHILADELPHIA, May 22.—"Young Griffo," the Australian lightweight pugilist, was arrested here yesterday at the instance of the chief of police of Brooklyn. He is charged with an unusual offense. Griffo was arraigned before Magistrate Jerimon yesterday afternoon and held without bail to await requisition papers. The offense is said to be of a most revolting nature. The prosecutor is the Gerry Society for the Suppression of Vice and Immorality.

Short in His Accounts.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 22.—Clerk Charles M. Goodwin is alleged to be short in his accounts about $2,500. Goodwin, it is said, without authority, collected liquor license money which he is said to have failed to turn in to the treasury.

A National Bank Failure.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—The comptroller of the currency has received a dispatch announcing that the Merchants' national bank of Seattle, Wash., failed yesterday.

JOHN C. TISSERAT has sold his residence property in Tremont to Dr. J. E. McIntyre, consideration $1200, has purchased property in Morton and will move his family there this fall.

A HORSE owned by John Hackerson, of Lyman, Ford county, ran away with a yellow peril was instantly killed by its head striking a low bridge under which it ran.

A BRIDGE with an 80-foot span is being erected near Bishop, Mason county, at a cost of $1400.

A FACTORY at Havana is turning out metal wagon wheels with broad tires.

THE SCENE CHANGES.

Exeunt Interstate Drill and Encampment,

AND ENTER SOUND MONEY ADVOCATES

The Hotels of Memphis Beginning to Fill Up with Delegates to the Sound Money Convention—Silver Men Not Idle.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 21.—The visitors attracted to the city by the military tournament are evacuating the hotels to-night, but within the next twenty-four hours the hotels will again be crowded with delegates to the interstate conventions on sound money and improved banking facilities which assemble on Thursday. Less than a dozen of these have so far put in an appearance but, according to advices received at the cotton exchange this afternoon, several hundred are en route, and by to-morrow night the hotel rotundas will re-echo with a babel of tongues, and the arguments and theories of the advocates of free silver will be rehearsed and answered a hundred times over, according to the light that is within the "sound money" men of the south.

At its meeting to-day the executive committee having in charge the arrangements for the gathering decided upon three names from which to select a permanent chairman, but it was decided to refrain from making public the identity of those in view until one or the other had signified his acceptance. It was given out, however, that two of the three were congressmen and that none of the trio were Tennessee men.

Mr. C. C. Matthews, of the editorial staff of the Commercial-Appeal, was chosen as permanent secretary of the convention.

Secretary Carlisle will arrive at 3 o'clock on Thursday morning, but will remain in his car until 8, when a committee will welcome him to the city and escort him to his hotel.

The convention will be called to order at 10 o'clock, and immediately following the permanent organization the secretary will be introduced. After his address the convention will take a recess until 8 p. m., when the report of the committee on resolutions will be submitted. Unless this document gives rise to a prolonged debate a second session will not be necessary.

Meanwhile the friends of silver are not inactive. At a meeting this afternoon of the Central Bimetallic league, an organization composed largely of members of the cotton exchange, who are not in accord with the action of this body in promoting the convention of Thursday, the following supplementary call was issued:

"All communities favoring the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 are invited to send delegates to the bimetallic convention to be held at Memphis on June 12 and 13. A large number of speakers of national reputation will address the convention."

While the committee was in session a dispatch was received from San Francisco to the effect that the "Bimetallic union," formed at the recent Salt Lake convention, had designated as delegates to the Memphis silver conference, Gov. Bradford Prince, New Mexico; Alvah Adams, Colorado; F. O. Sargeant, Montana; C. M. Donaldson, Oregon, and Henry W. Langener, California.

The message created considerable enthusiasm, which was renewed when it was announced that the following had either absolutely or conditionally accepted invitations to address the convention: United States Senator Daniels, Virginia; Turpie, Indiana; Reagan, Texas; George and McLauren, Mississippi; Blackburn, Kentucky; and Harris, Tennessee, and ex-Senator Walthall, Mississippi; also Representatives Allen, Bryan and W. H. Harvey, author of "Coin."

The committee also made arrangements for the reception of Representative Bryan, who is to speak in the Grand opera house on Friday evening.

To-morrow the members of the State Bankers' association assemble in annual convention in the federal court room, and the monetary issues of the day are to come in for a large share of consideration. Most of the delegates are also accredited to the sound money convention.

EXPLOSION IN A MINE.

Several Killed and Injured—Narrow Escape of a Hundred Men.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 21.—A special to the Leader from Morgantown, W. Va., says: "An explosion occurred at Monongah mine, thirty miles south of here. Eight taken out dead; six fatally injured, and 132 still in the mine.

GRAFTON, W. Va., May 21, 4:30 p. m.—The latest report from the explosion at Monongah mine is that four persons were killed and seven or eight injured. The remainder of the imprisoned miners got out safely.

Washington's Sick Notables.

WASHINGTON, May 21.—Gail Hamilton (Mary Abigail Dodge) is still alive but unconscious.

At 11 o'clock to-night Representative Cogswell is a little worse and his death is looked for at any moment.

Secretary Gresham continues to improve. His appetite is good and his general condition much better to-day.

Representative Hitt remains about the same, there being no change worthy of note in his condition to-day.

The Overdue La Gascogne.

PARIS, May 21.—La Gascogne, which sailed from Havre for New York May 11, and which is now about two days late, has on board ninety-five saloon passengers and 400 steerage passengers.

Died.

VIENNA, May 22.—Franz von Suppe, the famous composer, died yesterday.

Milestones On the Road

That leads to health are marked in the memory of those who, at regular stages and persistently, have been conveyed thither by Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a potent auxiliary of nature in her efforts to throw off the yoke of disease. Malarial, kidney, rheumatic and bilious trouble, constipation and nervousness take their departure when this benignant medicine company is resorted to for their eradication.

THE Central Union Telephone Company will lay a cable across the Illinois at Pekin and construct a double metallic circuit to connect Pekin and Peoria.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

—The Mexican government has established a consulate in Bavaria and has designated Dr. Schultz as Mexican consul at Munich.

—There was a slight advance in the price of Pennsylvania oil certificates yesterday morning. The Seep agencies of the Standard Oil Co. paid $1.67½. The opening quotations on oil at both Oil City and the Pittsburgh exchange was $1.79 bid.

—Sunday evening in the revival meeting at Ottumwa, Ia., conducted by Evangelist Chapman and Bill Horn, W. T. Miller was among the first to profess conversion. Monday afternoon he fell dead on the street from a broken blood vessel.

—Advices from Madagascar say that fever is making fearful ravages among the French troops, especially among those who spent the rainy season on the coast. Of one company of soldiers 150 strong, only forty men are available for duty.

—At yesterday's meeting in Boston of the directors of the Tamarack Mining Co. a dividend of four dollars a share was declared, payable June 25, to stockholders of record May 31. This makes a total of dividends declared and paid to date of $4,270,000.

—Rev. F. E. Beebe, a Baptist minister of Delaware, O., has retired thirty of his wealthy parishioners because they belong to Knights of Pythias lodges and Masonic organizations. The Mount Vernon Baptist association has voted him "silent," but Mr. Beebe refuses to deliver up his papers.

—Mrs. Prudence Teague, for many years a minister of the Friend's church in Indiana, died yesterday at the home of her daughter, in Wabash, Ind., aged 87. She was born in Ohio. For fifty years she traveled through central Indiana, conducting services of the Friends' church, in the families and in the meeting houses.

—Mrs. Mary Shreve-Goodloe-Ransom-Bullitt has been awarded a decree of divorce in Louisville, Ky., from Col. Cuthbert Bullitt, her fourth spouse. The divorce was granted on condition that the plaintiff withdrew all charges against the gallant colonel, and also that she be compeled to drop the name of Bullitt.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

An Unfavorable Showing for All the States Reporting.

CHICAGO, May 22.—Reports as to the condition of crops throughout the country, and the general influence of weather on cultivation and growth of crops, were made to the different state weather services yesterday:

Winter wheat suffered injury from frost in Indiana and Missouri; in Illinois the crop is less promising than heretofore, and no improvement has been experienced in Kansas and Nebraska. More satisfactory reports were, however, received from Arkansas, Tennessee and Michigan.

Illinois—Abnormally cold, cloudy. Very unfavorable for growth of vegetation. Frozen corn and potatoes slowly reappearing, garden truck permanently killed, fruit materially injured, except in extreme southern counties. Some corn replanting begun; wheat outlook unfavorable, heading short and uneven and damaged much by Hessian flies and chinch bugs.

Indiana—Temperature and precipitation below normal. Low temperature and cold rains retarded vegetation and crops. Frost injured fruit to some extent; also wheat and other cereals on bad lands. Oats, grass, clover and timothy doing fairly; replanting corn in many places that was damaged by cutworms.

Kansas—Cool, dry with frosts unfavorable to crops; no improvement in wheat, oats, rye or pastures. Corn, potatoes and gardens growing slowly, but cut worms and chinch bugs injuring some corn.

Missouri—Low temperature retarded all crops. Frost did much damage to wheat, corn, potatoes, gardens and fruits in eastern and northwest counties: elsewhere the damage is slight or confined to botton land. Much wheat ruined by chinch bugs.

THEY WERE SOONERS, ALL.

The Yankton Reservation Boomers Anticipate the Legal Opening.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., May 22.—A special from Armour, S. D., the point where the rush for the Yankton reservation was expected at noon yesterday, says the expected race for the free lands was rather tame, all but a dozen of the boomers had gone to the reservation during the night, and when the legal moment came they were already old settlers. The eagerness of the settlers was considered a great joke by the Indians.

INCOME TAX COLLECTORS

To be Dismissed from Government Employ on Saturday.

WASHINGTON, May 22.—Commissioner Miller yesterday afternoon sent the following telegram to all collectors of internal revenue in the United States:

"Dispense with services of all persons employed under allowance made for income tax work at close of business on 25th inst., reporting at once number discontinued and salary and expense allowance of each."

Great Fires in Russia.

LONDON, May 22.—The Evening Standard publishes a St. Petersburg dispatch saying that several more large fires are reported in the provinces. At Kobur, in the government of Grodno, 200 houses were burned and three persons perished. In the village of Rushany the government buildings and 250 houses were destroyed. At Mukshany, in the province of Pensa, ninety houses were burned.

Pennsylvania Apportionment Bills Defeated.

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 23.—The congressional, senatorial and legislative apportionment bills were defeated in the house yesterday and the judicial apportionment bill was defeated in the senate.

OUR patrons will find De Witt's Little Early Risers a safe and reliable remedy for constipation, dyspepsia and liver complaints. Battles & Eichinger.

L. CANTRELL, for 60 years a resident of Waynesville, celebrated his 81st birthday last week by a surprise party of 40 odd neighbors.

THREE vice presidents of the Sangamon County Old Settlers' Association have died within a year.

THE Hoopeston Electric Railway Company has been organized with a capital stock of $250,000.

AWFUL EXPLOSION.

Fourteen Men Killed and Blown to Atoms

BY A NITROGLYCERINE EXPLOSION

At the California Powder Works at Pineole, Cal.—The Whole Plant Demolished, at a Loss of a Quarter Million of Dollars.

PINEOLE, Cal., May 22.—At 10:45 yesterday morning the nitroglycerine house of the California powder works at Pineole blew up, killing five white men and wounding two others. Nine Chinamen were also killed and three injured.

It is believed that a Chinaman dropped a can of nitroglycerine, and the concussion caused the general blow up. The force of the explosion was tremendous. Huge trees were thrown half a mile into the bay. Nitroglycerine tanks weighing a ton apiece are 500 yards distant from the scene. Toes, hands and other mutilated remains of the dead were picked up a mile away. They were literally swept into eternity without warning, for the preliminary explosion was followed by a general one with scarcely a second's interval.

The nitroglycerine house first went up, then the mixing house and the store house and gun cotton departments. The nitroglycerine house, of which not a vestige now remains, was a three-story structure, 200x50 feet. It contained 8,000 pounds of nitroglycerine and 2,000 pounds of hercules powder.

Taylor was foreman of the mixing house. The remains of Johnson and Harry Monaugh are recognizable, though in a badly mutilated condition, the faces and upper part of the bodies being intact. The legs and arms are either gone or crushed into an unrecognizable shape. The other men were torn into bits, as were also the Chinamen.

Below, where the powder house stood, and on the hillside around, white men and Chinamen were hunting all day among the debris which covers the ground for the remains of the unfortunate. Bits of flesh were gathered up in gunny sacks and carried to the guarding house, where the few remains that can be found are saved for burial.

Where the glycerine house stood is now a heap of rubbish surrounding a great hole blown into the ground by the force of the explosion. All buildings surrounding the one in which the explosion occurred, and distant from it for from one to two hundred yards, are more or less demolished. Every person about the mills was thrown down by the force of the explosion, and many more injuries are reported. How the explosion occurred is a mystery.

A. F. Pollock, acting superintendent, inspected the glycerine works three times yesterday morning before the explosion occurred, the last time at 10 o'clock when everything was found to be all right. Pollock will not state what he believes to have been the cause of the explosion, but he says he has a theory.

Three years ago there was a similar explosion, but it was unattended by such loss of life.

The Chinamen who are uninjured are in a state of demoralization, as, in fact, are the white men, and no one will say anything about its cause. Seventy-five Chinamen and 100 white men were employed. The loss is estimated at $250,000. The work of rebuilding will commence to-day.

SEVERAL MEN KILLED

By the Explosion of the California Powder Mills.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22.—A dispatch from Pinole says that the California powder mills at that place blew up yesterday afternoon. Several men were killed. Five bodies have been taken from the ruins.

An hour before the accident between three and four hundred men were at work in the mine, and had the explosion occurred two hours later the same number would have been entombed and the fatalities probably very large.

As the mines of the Monongah company are equipped with all modern improvements, and were supposed to be well ventilated and safe against explosion, the cause is a mystery.

AN EX-CASHIER

Gets Five Years for Receiving Deposits in an Insolvent Bank.

MILWAUKEE, May 22.—J. B. Koetting, ex-cashier of the South Side savings bank, which suspended in 1893, with $1,500,000 deposits, and which will not pay twenty cents on the dollar, asked to be taken into court to change his plea of not guilty of receiving deposits in an insolvent bank, to guilty. He was sentenced to five years in state prison by Judge Wallber. Koetting lost the depositors' money in wheat deals. He ran away twice, forfeiting bail once of $15,000. His case is the first to find any punishment of the list of Milwaukee bank failures.

The Holly Springs Route

OF THE

The Illinois Central R. R. to

FLORIDA

is a new, quick and direct line (effective Dec. 2) from Chicago, via

HOLLY SPRINGS,
BIRMINGHAM
AND ATLANTA

to Jacksonville and all Florida Points, and such principal points south as Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Augusta, Macon and Savannah, Ga., and Charleston, S. C. By it one can leave Chicago at 1:35 p. m., daily, and arrive Birmingham 2:70 p. m., Atlanta 8:50 p. m. the next day, and at Jacksonville 9:55 the second morning after leaving Chicago, and can make the journey for the entire distance in a Pullman

SLEEPING CAR FROM

CHICAGO TO JACKSONVILLE

with but one change, and that at a seasonable hour on the train en route, to a reservation in a through Jacksonville car, which reservation can be made through from starting point. Ask for Special Florida Folder of I. C. R. R. issue; they as well as tickets and full information, can be obtained of your Local Ticket Agent, or by addressing A. H. HANSON, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

Iowa Excursion.

To land-seekers we make a $10 round-trip from Decatur, Ill., to Storm Lake, Iowa, over the Illinois Central, May 21 and June 11. See Geo. A. Fleming & Son, Room 40, Arcade Building, Decatur, Ill. May 7-d&w1mo*

MID-SUMMER

OPENING OF

MILLINERY

TO-DAY.

On Tuesday and Wednesday next, May 21 and 22, we will have on exhibition a grand display of Light Mid-Summer Hats, showing all the latest ideas in large picture hats, sailor effects and small dress bonnets.

Mail Orders. Anything in the dry goods line can be satisfactorily ordered through our mail order department.

Sample mailed free to any address.

Bradley Bros.

DRY GOODS.

DECATUR, - - ILLINOIS

Rule 3.

Don't Pay Too Much.

IF our price isn't as low as any price you ever heard mentioned for the goods you are buying, don't pay it.

IF our price isn't as low, grade for grade, as you ever heard of, don't lay out a cent.

WE are quite safe in giving this advice because our price is the lowest that can be made.

FOLRATH

DAVIS B.

DECATUR ILL.

Sign of the Old Cobbler in the Window.

OF COURSE

A hand-made Harness made of Oak Tanned Leather *will cost a little more than one machine* stitched and made of acid tanned leather, but then you will not be always buying, always patching, costing in a few months much more than a good set of

HARNESS

would have cost. Mere bigness and bulk and large display attracts attention, but does not make an article better and certainly not any cheaper. The quality of leather used and excellence of workmanship is certainly an inducement to buyers.

R. NAHRGANG,

327 East Main St., - Decatur, Ill.

S. J. Bumstead, M. D.

Diseases of Eye and Ear, Nose and Throat.

Having returned from a visit to the special hospitals of the East, can again be found at his office. All operations performed on these organs. Glasses scientifically adjusted. 123 East Main St., over Farmers' Bank Decatur, Ill.
Feb. 1—d&wtf

DR. H. P. BACHMAN, DENTIST.

MAROA.............................ILL
mar25-d1yr

FARMERS' COLUMN.

OF INTEREST TO FARMERS—The Page woven wire fence is the best, strongest and cheapest. It is ornamental and in every way desirable. There is no better fence on the market to-day, and the price will surprise you by its cheapness. Salesroom and office 318 North Water street, Decatur, Ill. may23-w1mo

Mary Nesbitt cures all defects of vision by the scientific adjustment of such glasses as will correct the defect. There are many cases in the city who have been relieved of sick headache and neuralgia by her skill. Office 250 North Park street m16-w2t*

A FINE FARM for sale in Macon county, Ill., of 220 acres of fine land and good improvements, good neighborhood, close to school and church; 3½ miles from Boody, 8½ miles from Decatur. Price $60 per acre. Possession given first of October, 1895. For further information inquire of B. Z. Taylor, Library Block, Room 5, Decatur, or at the farm. JOHN MOFFETT, Boody, Ill. May 7-d1w&w4t

FARM FOR SALE.—Having decided to quit farming, I now offer my farm of 220 acres, in Milam township, four miles from Dalton City, for sale. The improvements are first-class, and the land as good as any in Central Illinois. For particulars call at the premises or address A. H. Hill, Dalton City, Ill. April 4-wam

FOR SALE—An 80-acre farm, 2 miles from Argenta, well improved in every particular; good water. Also a house and lot in Argenta. Farm $80 per acre; house and lot $800. Address Milton Clark, executor, Box 140, Decatur, Ill.; or W. R. Wilson, Argenta, Ill. mar8-wsw

FARMERS, TAKE NOTICE—Whisky by the gallon at less money than any other house in Decatur. Goods from $1.50 to $5.00 per gallon. Ross' Dantown Whisky $2.75 per gallon one-half gallon $1.40. 25 per cent off on lots of two or more gallons. H. Meriweather, 225 North Water street. Phone 162. feb28-wtf

TO THE FARMERS—Have you a feather bed which has been in use for months or years. If so it needs renovating when it will become as good as new. All dirt and impurities will be removed and the feathers will become as live and fresh as when first plucked. This process will not injure the feathers and costs a trifle. Chamberlain & Co. 10-wtf

FOR SALE.—THOROUGHBRED REGISTERED Jersey cows. All young Jerseys, male or female, of any age. Call on George Oren, breeder and dealer in thoroughbred Jerseys, 1172 N. Church St., Decatur, Ill. apr 29-dw1m*

MONEY, MONEY and plenty of it at 6 per cent. Call or write J. M. Clokey, 317 North Water street, Decatur, Ill. jan31-w2m

WANTED—The public to know that we have the largest and best list of Iowa lands of any firm in the state. Our list embraces Webster City, Eagle Grove, Clarion, Britt, Ft. Dodge, Manson, Fonda, Newell, Alta, Storm Lake and many other points. Land seekers, come with us, if you want the best bargains. See us for a better than a $10 rate. Land shown free. Everything refunded to purchasers. Geo. A. Fleming & Son, Room 40, Arcade, Decatur, Ill. may21-d&w2w

MONEY TO LOAN—Farm loans at 6 per cent annual interest; home money; no delay, if title to land is good; second mortgage 7 per cent commissions reasonable; loans on city property made on short notice at current rates. Jack & Allison, Ulrich Block. apr30-d&wtf

PEGRAM AND COMPANY—Investment Brokers, Room 3, over Decatur National Bank. We loan money on all kinds of security. You can pay at any time and in any amounts and save interest on the amount paid, or we will loan on monthly payments if you may wish to pay that way. We loan money for the interest and do not want the security you borrow upon. All loans are private and confidential. dec19-d&w6mo

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts. Loans made on live stock, farm implements, or household goods. All classes of loans negotiated on short notice. Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest. Apply to A. T. SUMMERS, No. 145 North Water street, over Abel's carpet house, Decatur, Ill. july16-d&wtf

BUGGIES AND WAGONS.—Red Front Franklin street, between North and William streets, is the place to buy all kinds of Wagons, broad and narrow tire; also both wood-and-iron felloe. All our wagons have patent sand arrester skein. Skein outlasts all others. Come and see. JOHN A. BROWN, Red Front, 320 Franklin street. Telephone 435 old company; telephone 61 new company. May 17-d&w1m

PUMPS, PUMPS, PUMPS, PUMPS.
May4-d&w1m* GEO. M. WOOD. 135 South Water st.

THE "Dollar Special" pictures of my boy and his dog, taken at the East End Gallery, are satisfactory in every respect and will not suffer by comparison with any work made in Decatur. 1079 East Eldorado street. ED. F. WILLS. April 25-d&wtf.

THE RAM'S HORN OFFICE.—This wonderfully popular 16-page weekly has opened an office in Decatur for subscription and single copy sale. No free copies, but everybody is invited to call and secure a copy at 122 Merchant street, Pritchett & Yantis' old stand. may18-d&w2w

Farm for Sale.

The R. B. Rogers farm, located at Argenta, Ill., consisting of 250 acres, with fair improvements, is offered for sale. For price and terms inquire of H. C. Griffin on the premises. may 8-w3m

D. D. HILL,

Attorney at Law.

FARM LOANS AT 6 PER CENT.

Does a General Law Business in the Settlement of Estates, both in the Probate and Chancery courts; draws Wills, Deeds, Mortgages and Contracts, and other Notary Work. Charges reasonable. Office Rooms 703 and 704 Arcade office building, Decatur. dec29-wtf

MONEY TO LOAN

On Farms

at 6 per cent interest, with privilege to pay $100 or more at any time.

Loans made on short notice where title is good.

KUNY & JOHNS,

142 E. Prairie St., Decatur, Ill.

DR. ARTHUR D. KYNER, DENTIST.

MT. PULASKI, ILL.

Office over Mayers Bros.' Dry Goods store. Consultation Free. may16-w

B. I. STERRETT,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE—Over Bryan's Clothing Store Decatur.

BUY ONLY THE BEST.

You cant afford to take any chances on an inferior stove when you can buy the famous

Quick Meal

for the same money. Over 300,000 of them in use and no one who has used them could be induced to use any other stove.

They are the best bakers and the most powerful burning stove on the market to-day. We will have the full line on our floor this week. Don't buy your gasoline stove until you have seen them.

A two-burner extra large shelf gasoline stove, very strong burner for $3.50.

Bachman Bros. & Martin Company,

Reliable Furniture Dealers.

240-244-248 East Main Street.